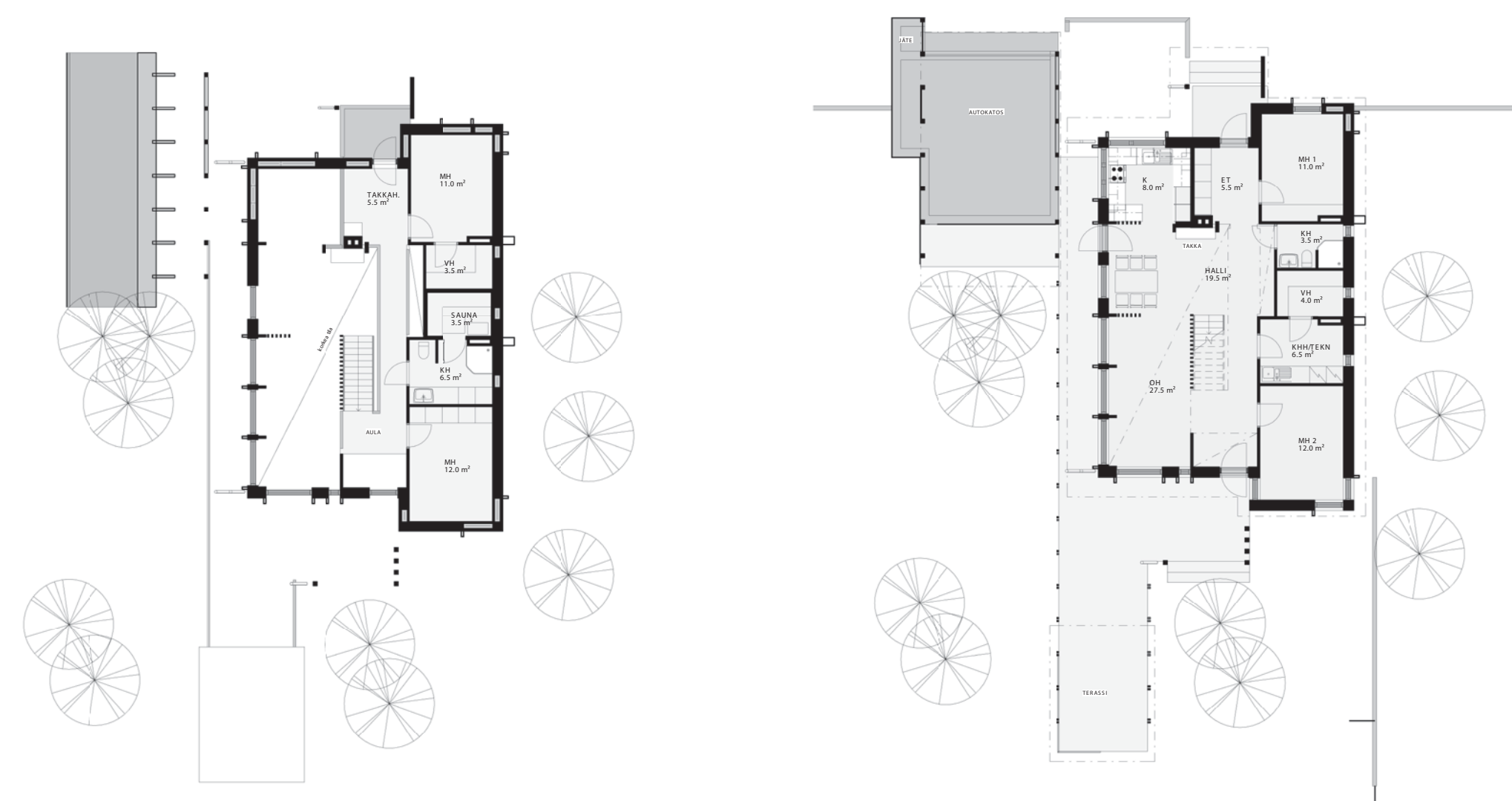


P1. PIENTALO

P1



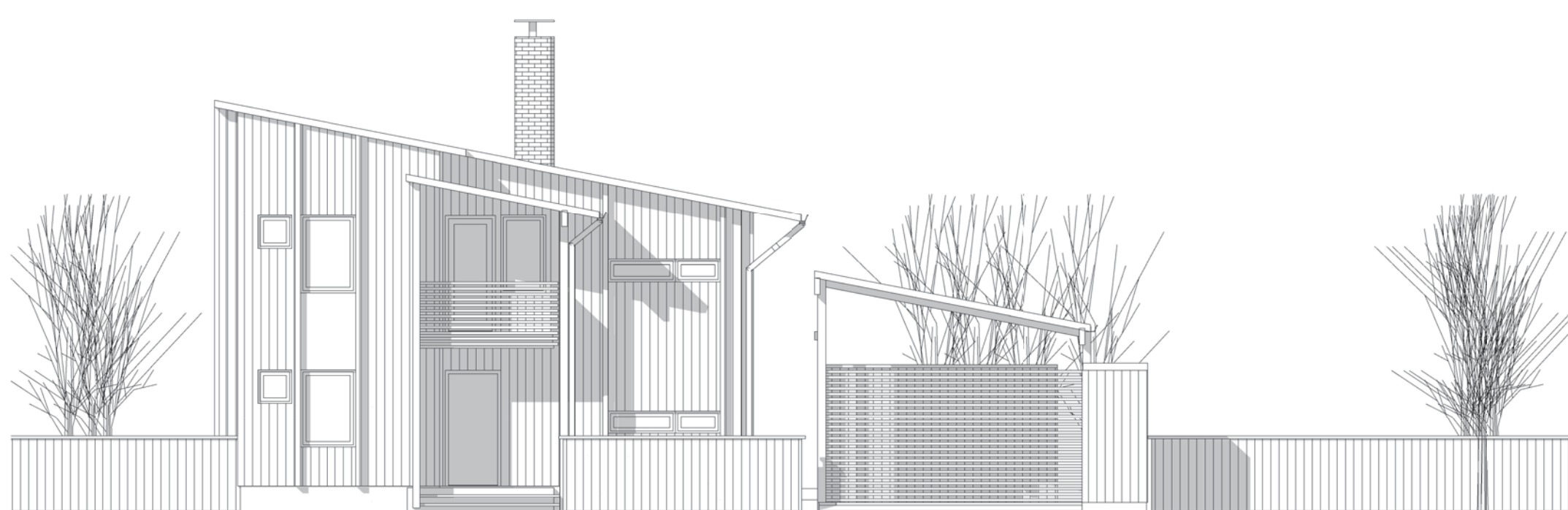
JULKISIVU 1:100



SIJOITUSESIMERKKI 1:250



JULKISIVU PIHALLE 1:100



JULKISIVU KADULLE 1:100



KATUNÄKYMÄ

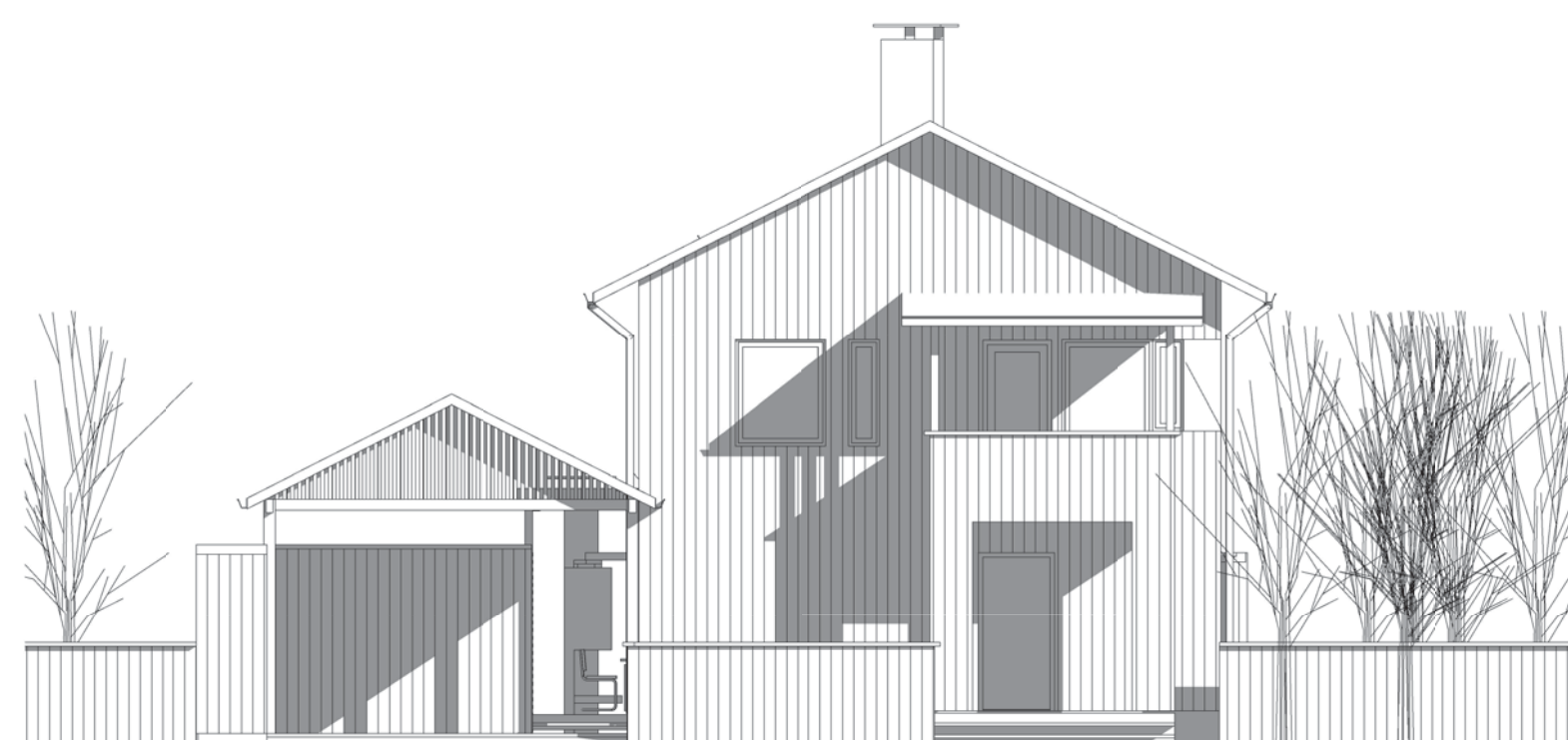


THIS PROJECT IS BEING PARTLY FINANCED BY THE EUROPEAN UNION
EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

1:100 0 5 10

P2. PIENTALO

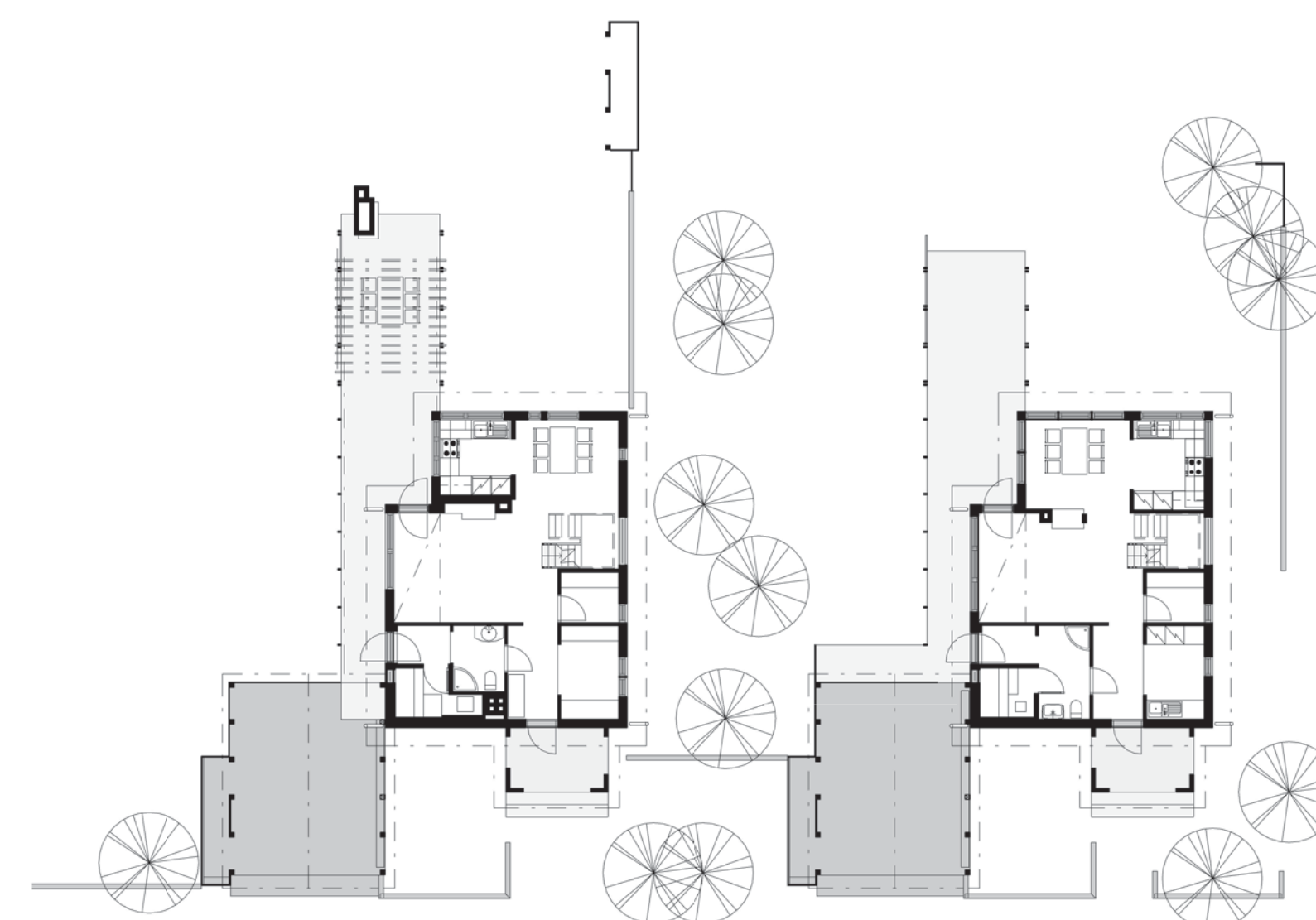
P2



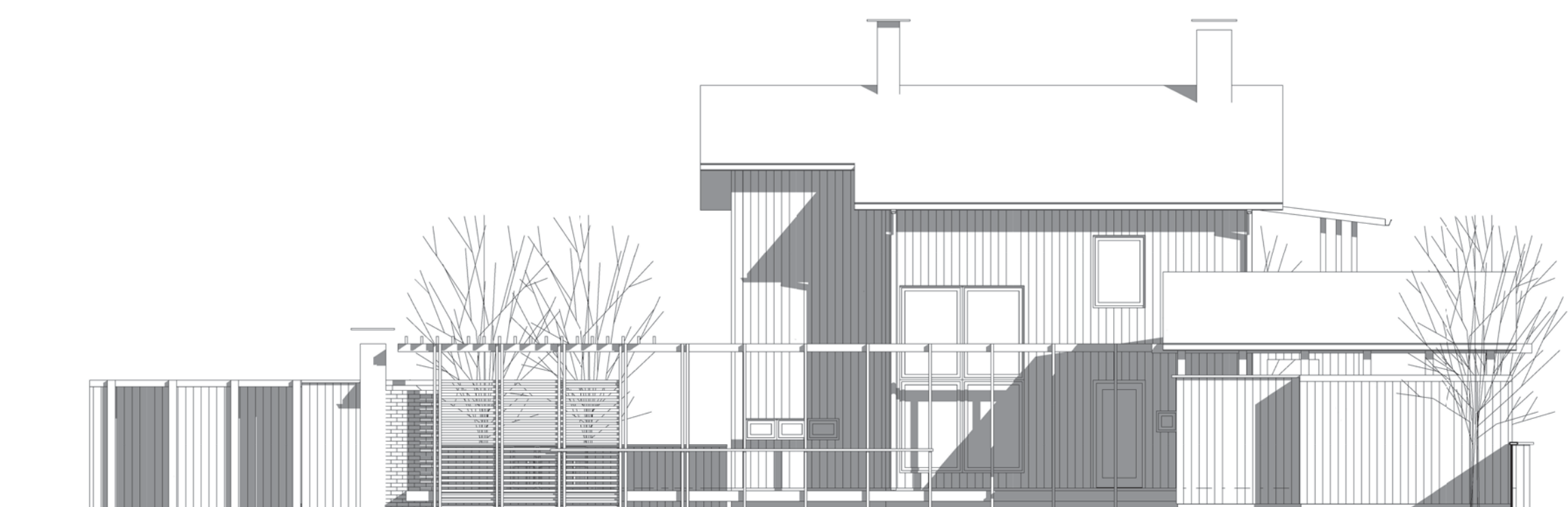
JULKISIVU KADULLE 1:100



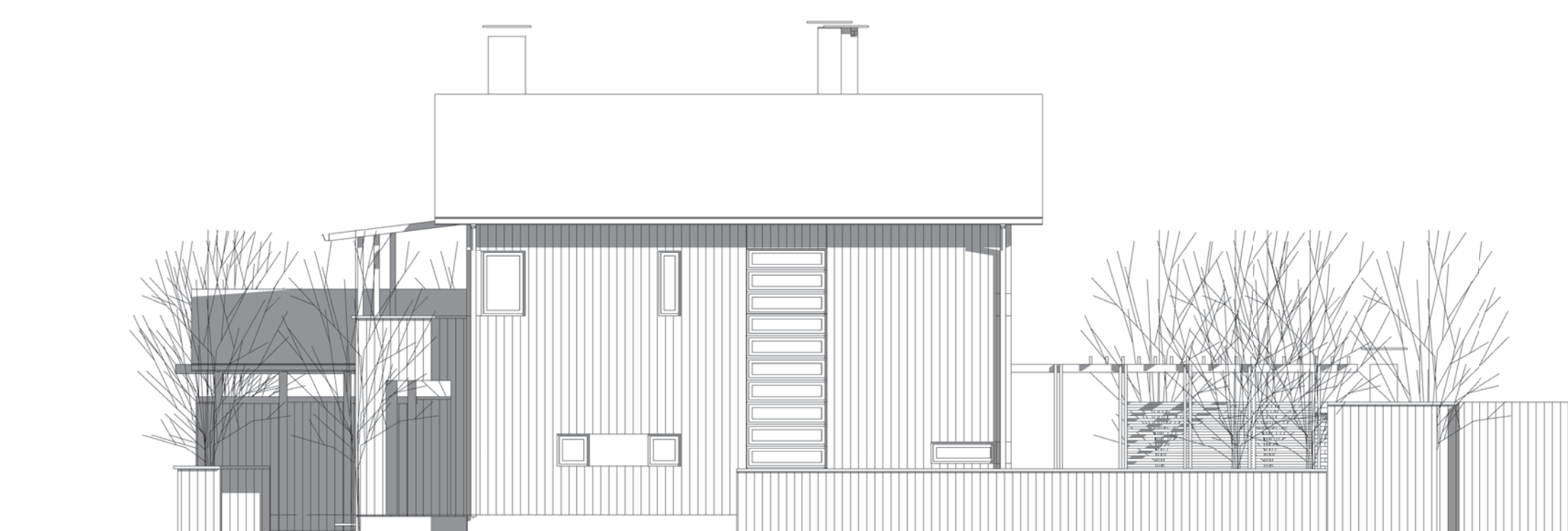
JULKISIVU PIHALLE 1:100



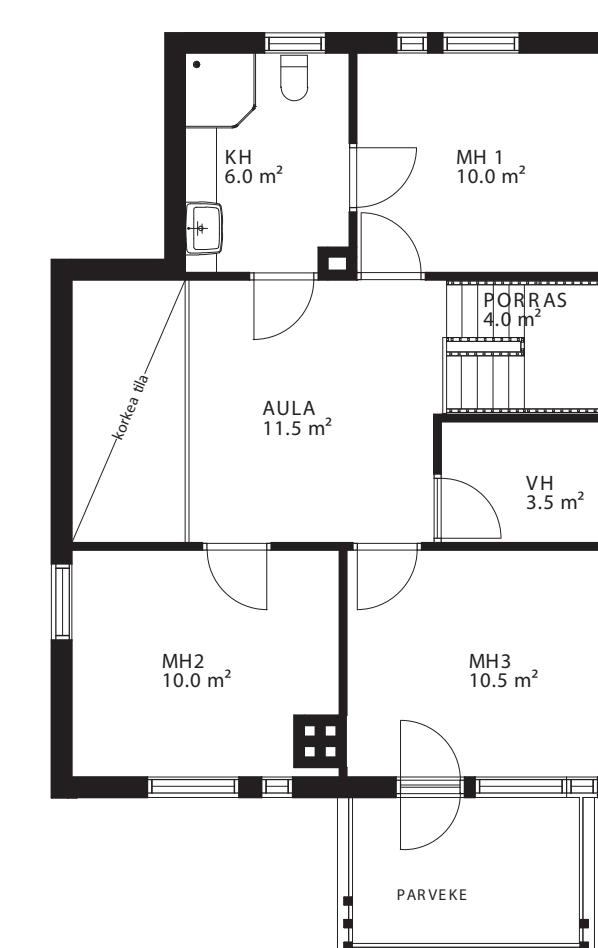
SIJOITUSESIMERKKI 1:250



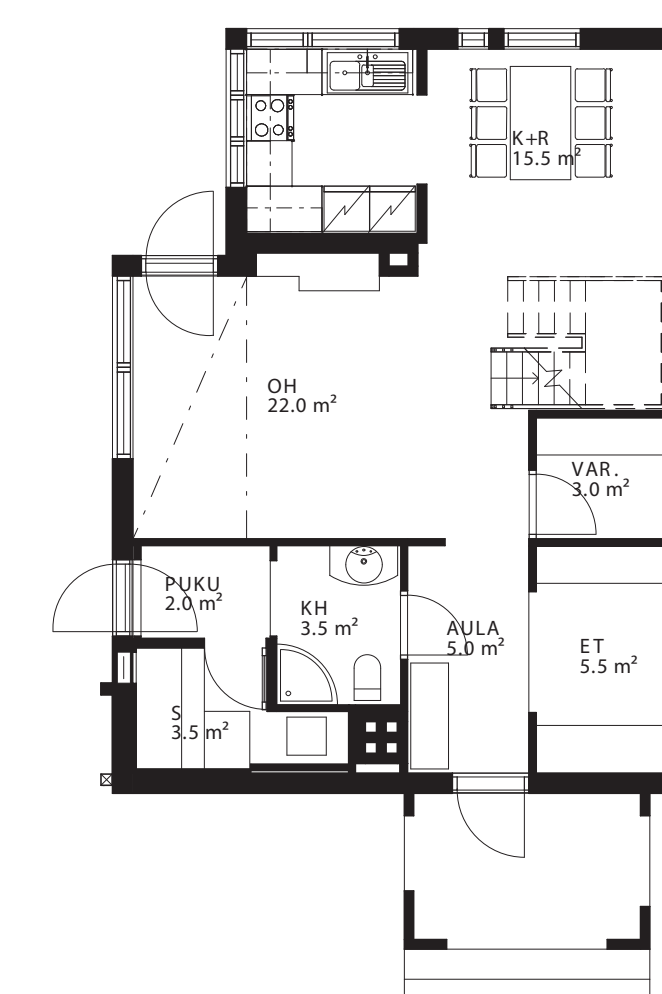
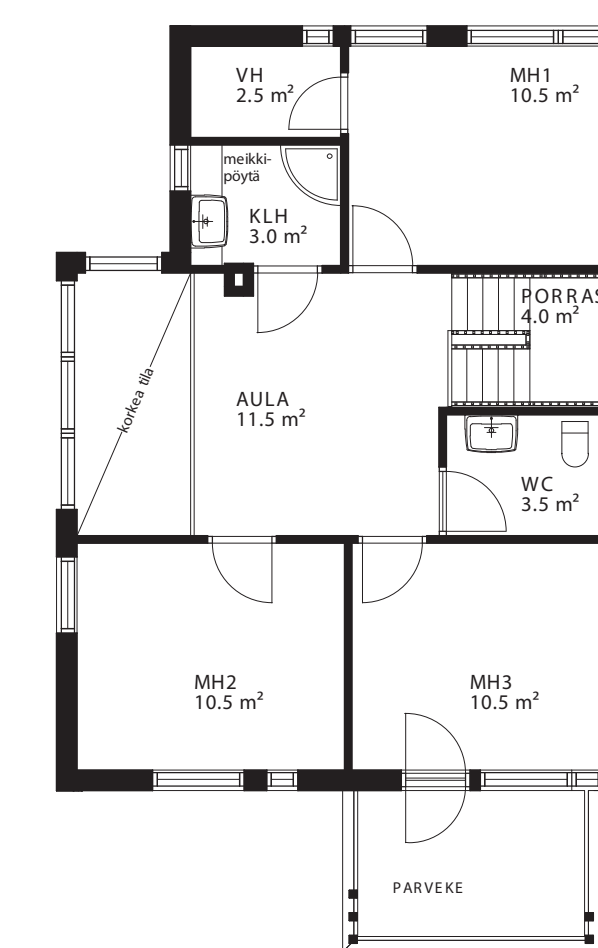
JULKISIVU 1:100



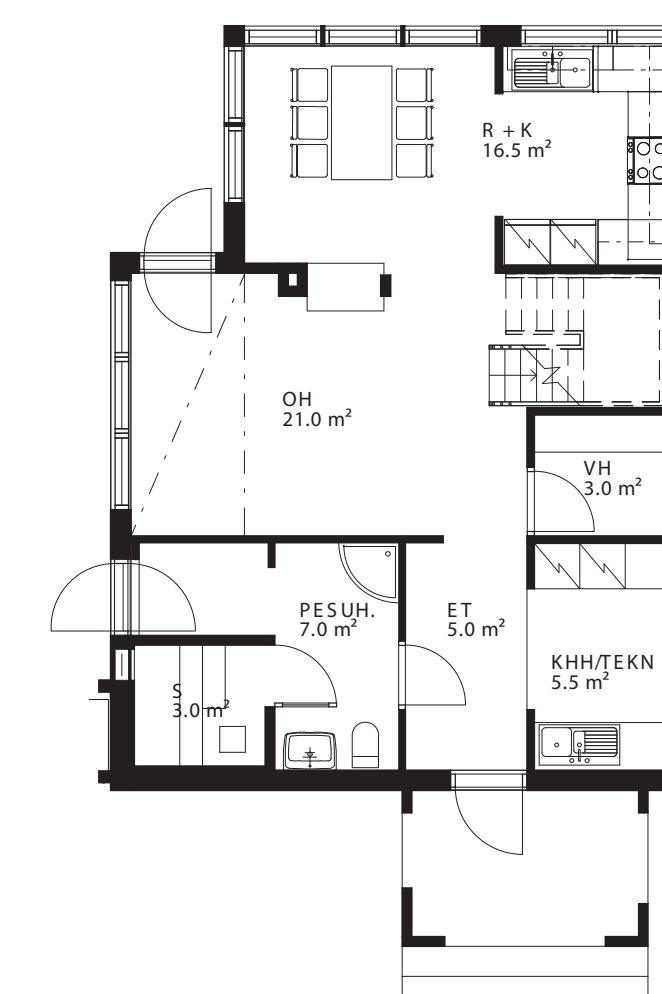
JULKISIVU 1:100



POHJAPIIRROS 2. KRS



POHJAPIIRROS 1. KRS

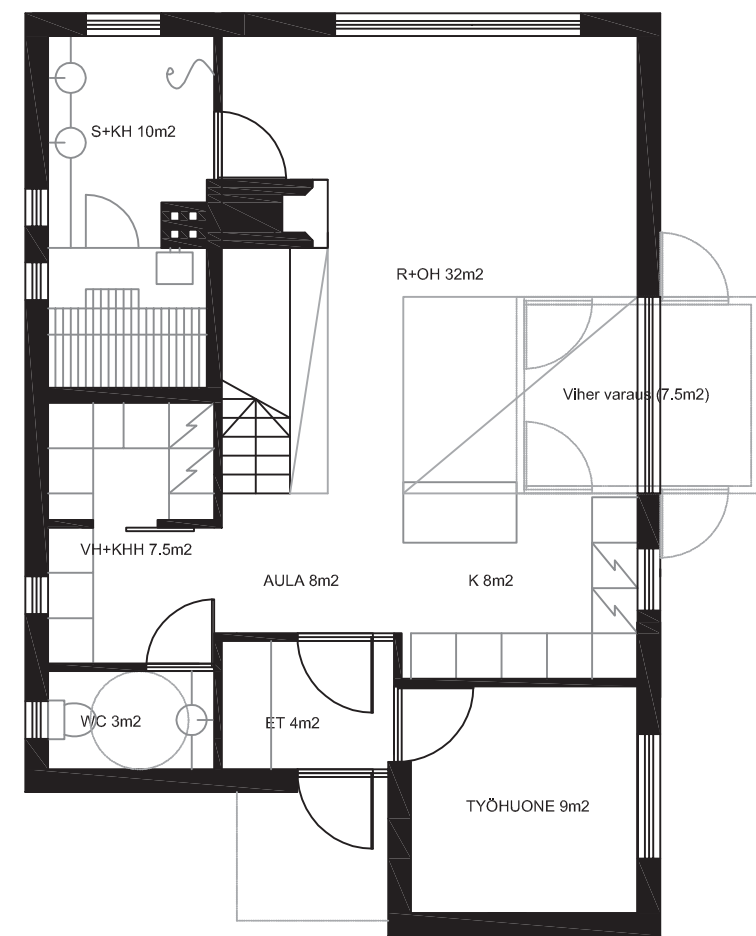


THIS PROJECT IS BEING PARTLY FINANCED BY THE EUROPEAN UNION
EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

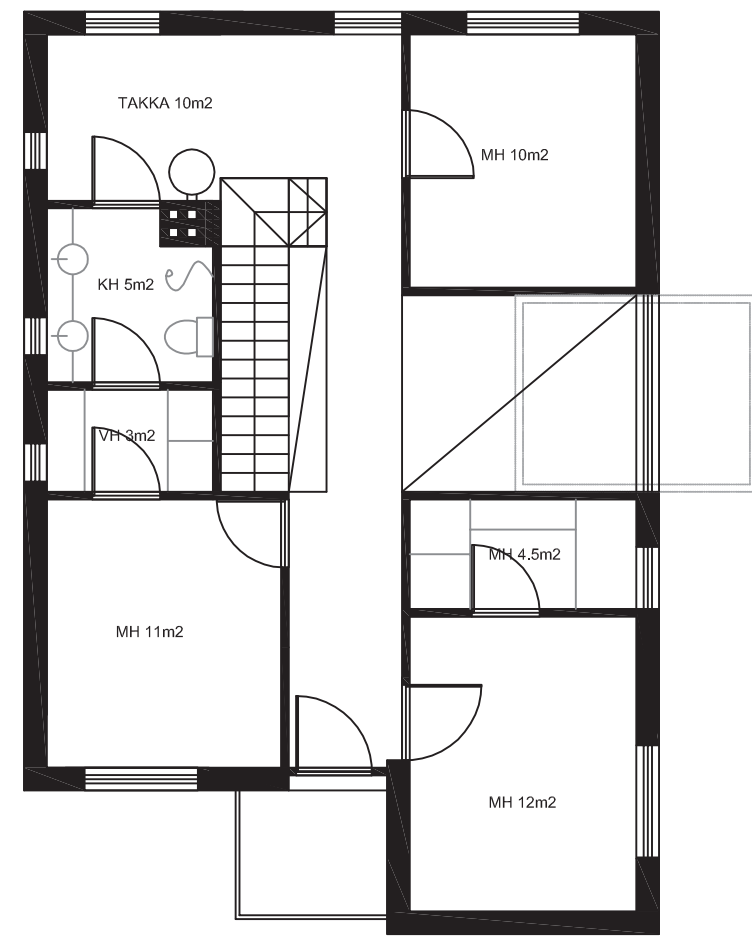
1:100 0 5 10

P3. PIENTALO

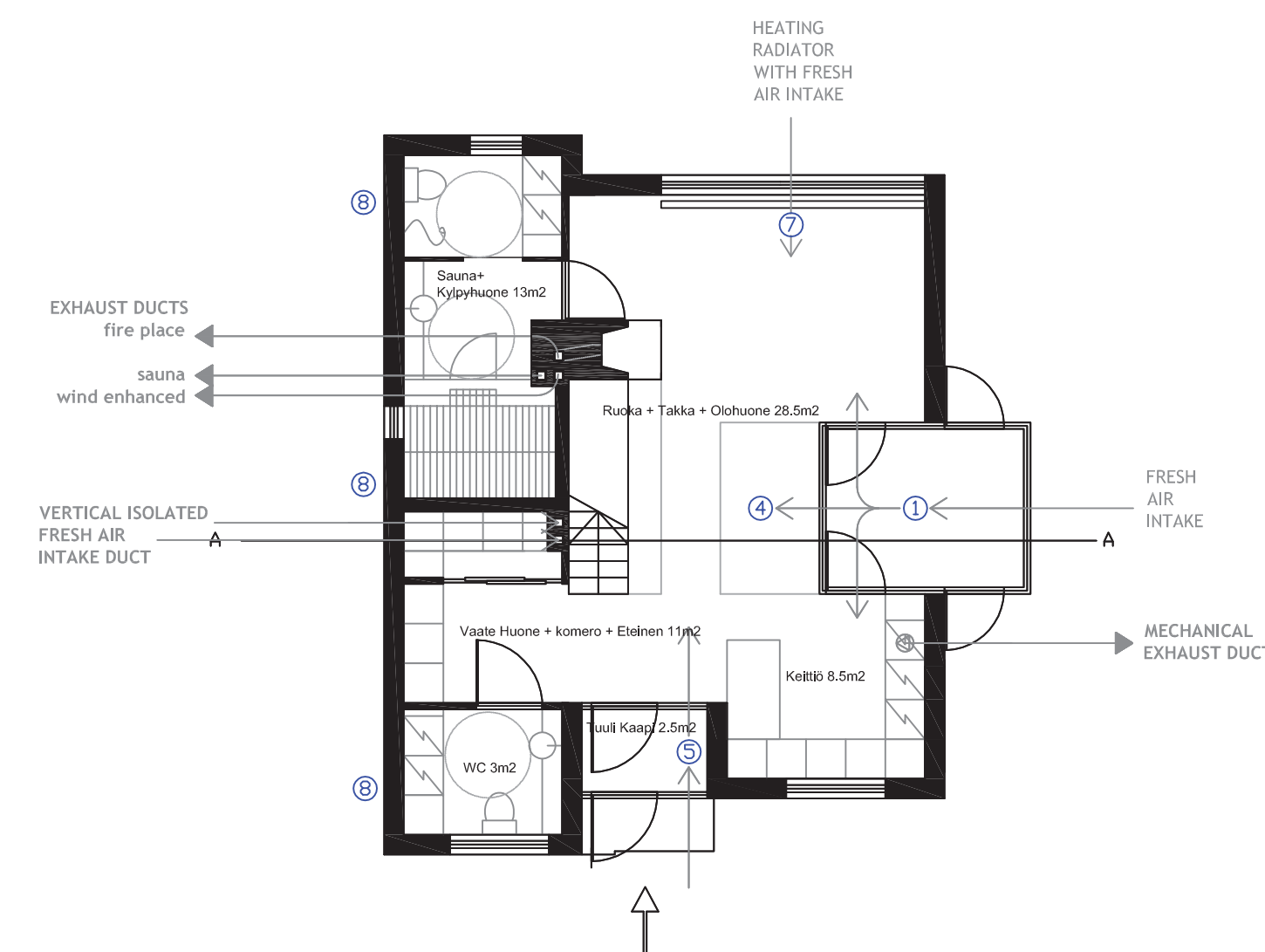
P3



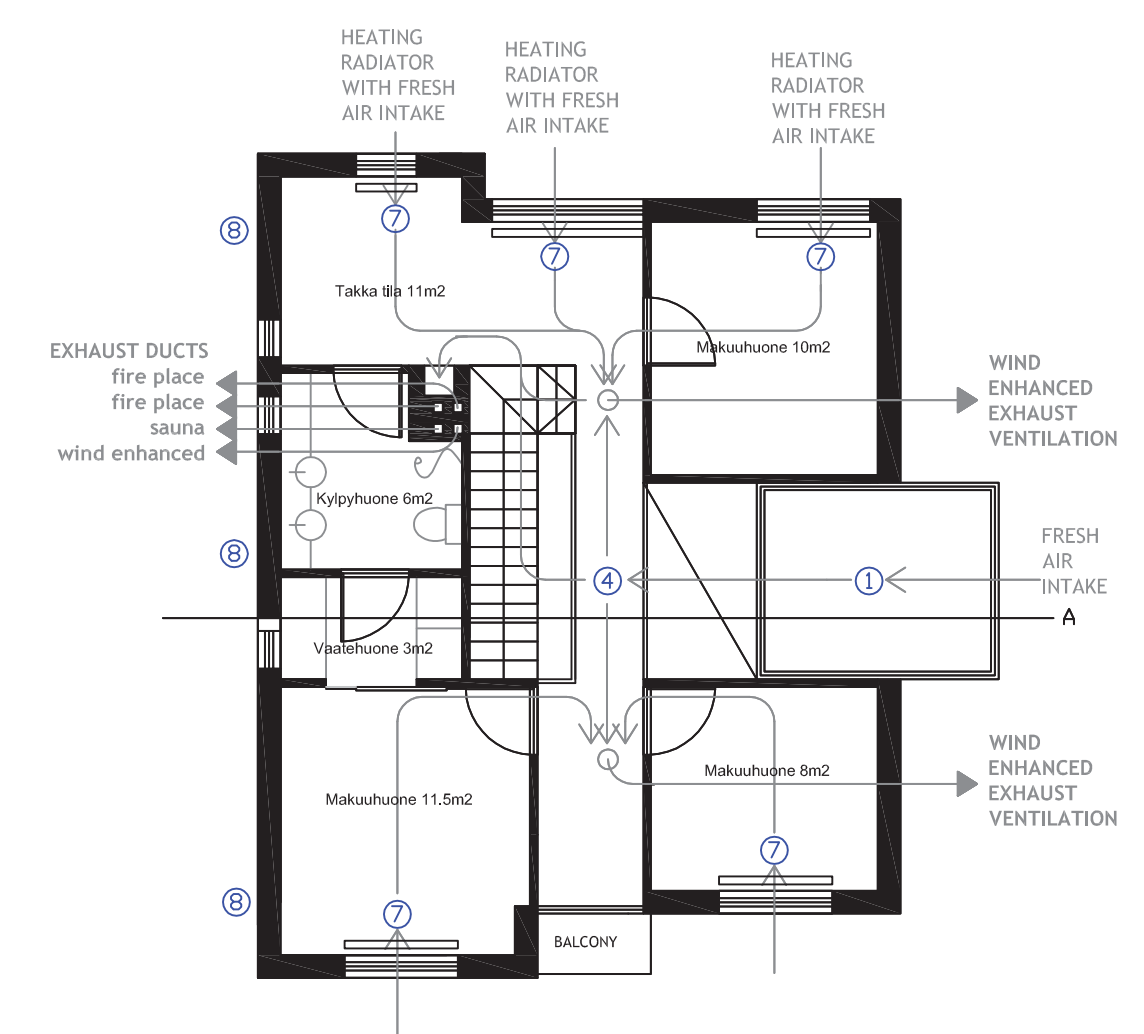
POHJAPIIRROS 1.KRS 1:100



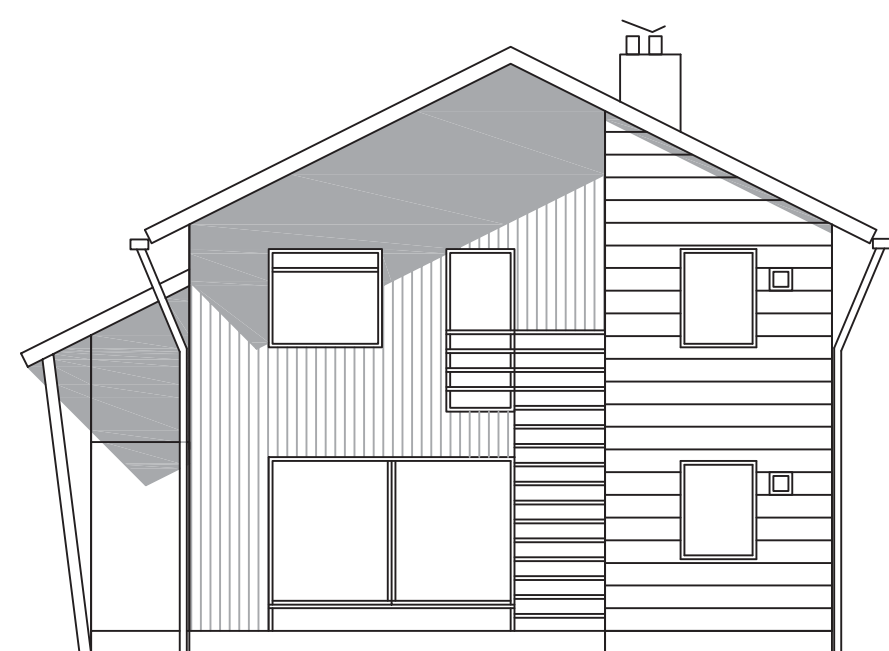
POHJAPIIRROS 2.KRS 1:100



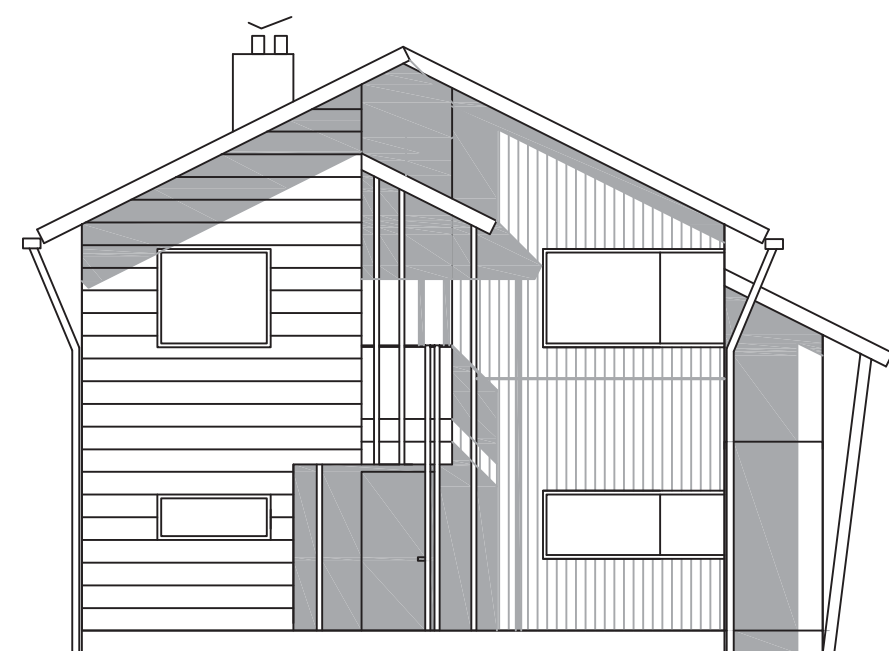
LUONNOLLISEN ILMKANVAHDON TOIMINTAKAAVIO, POHJAPIIRROKSET 1:100



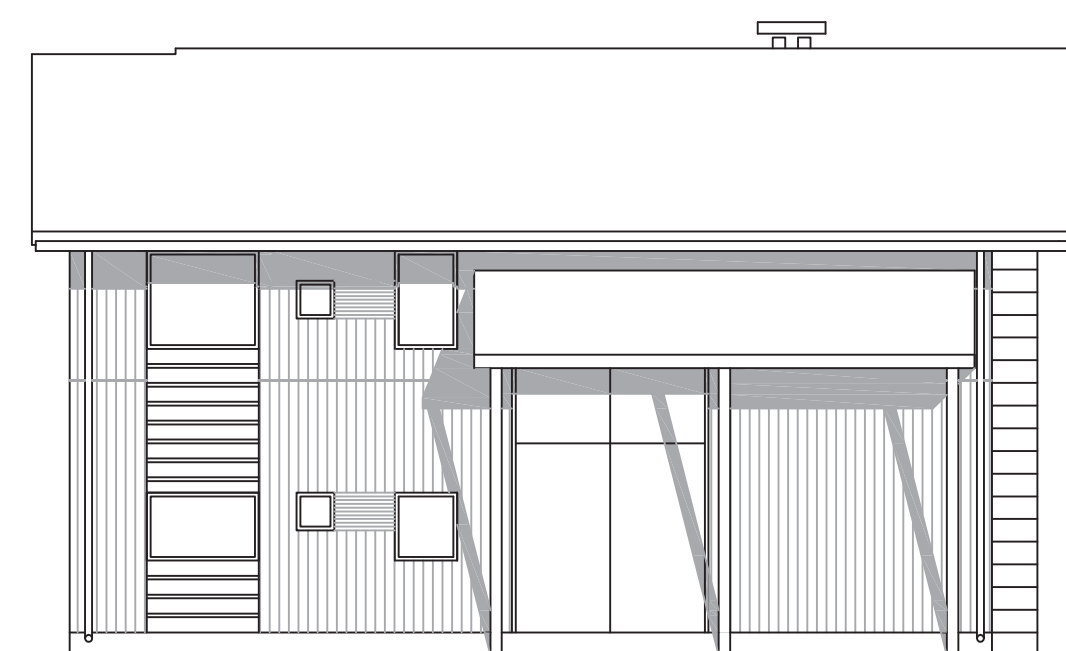
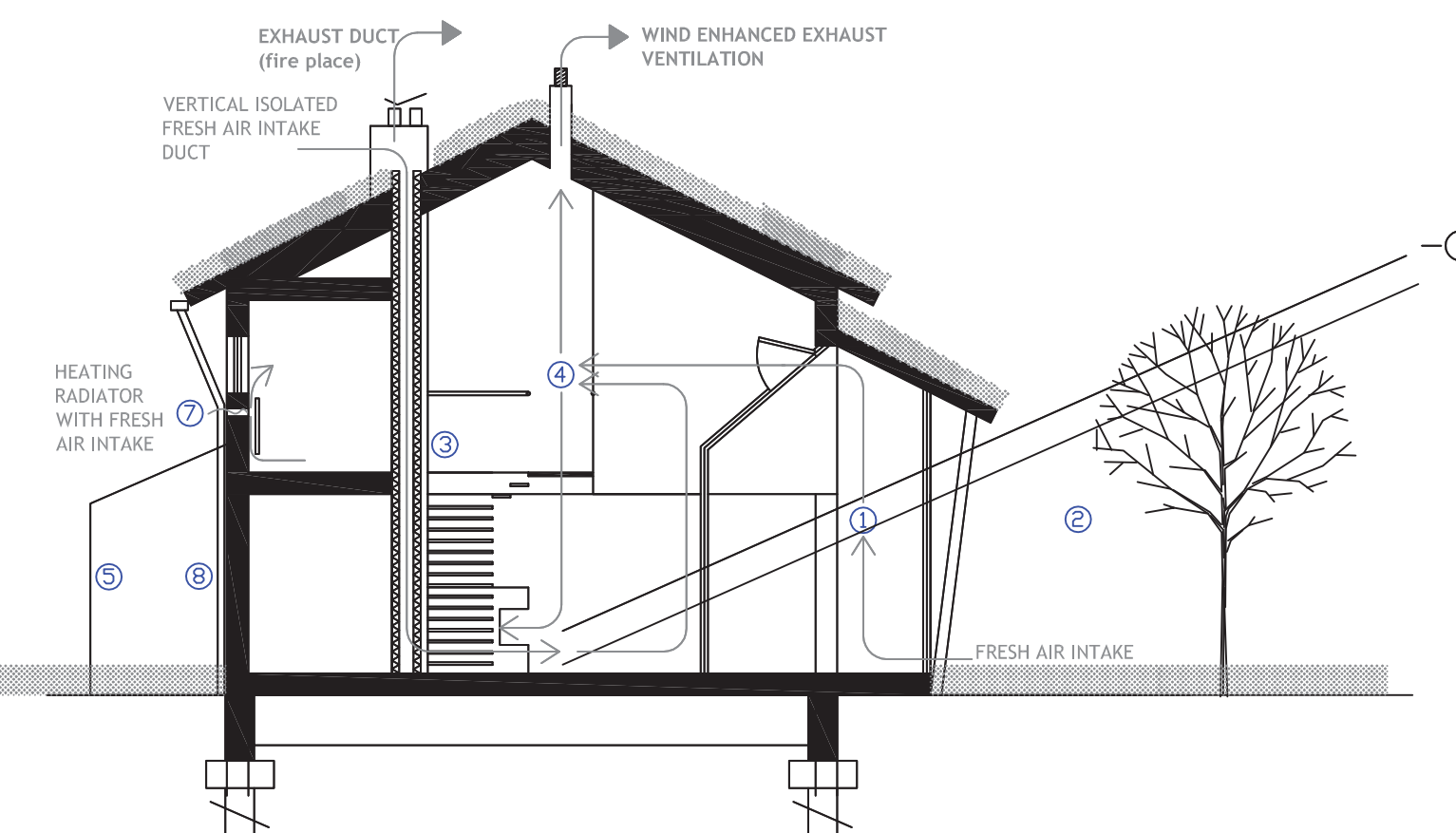
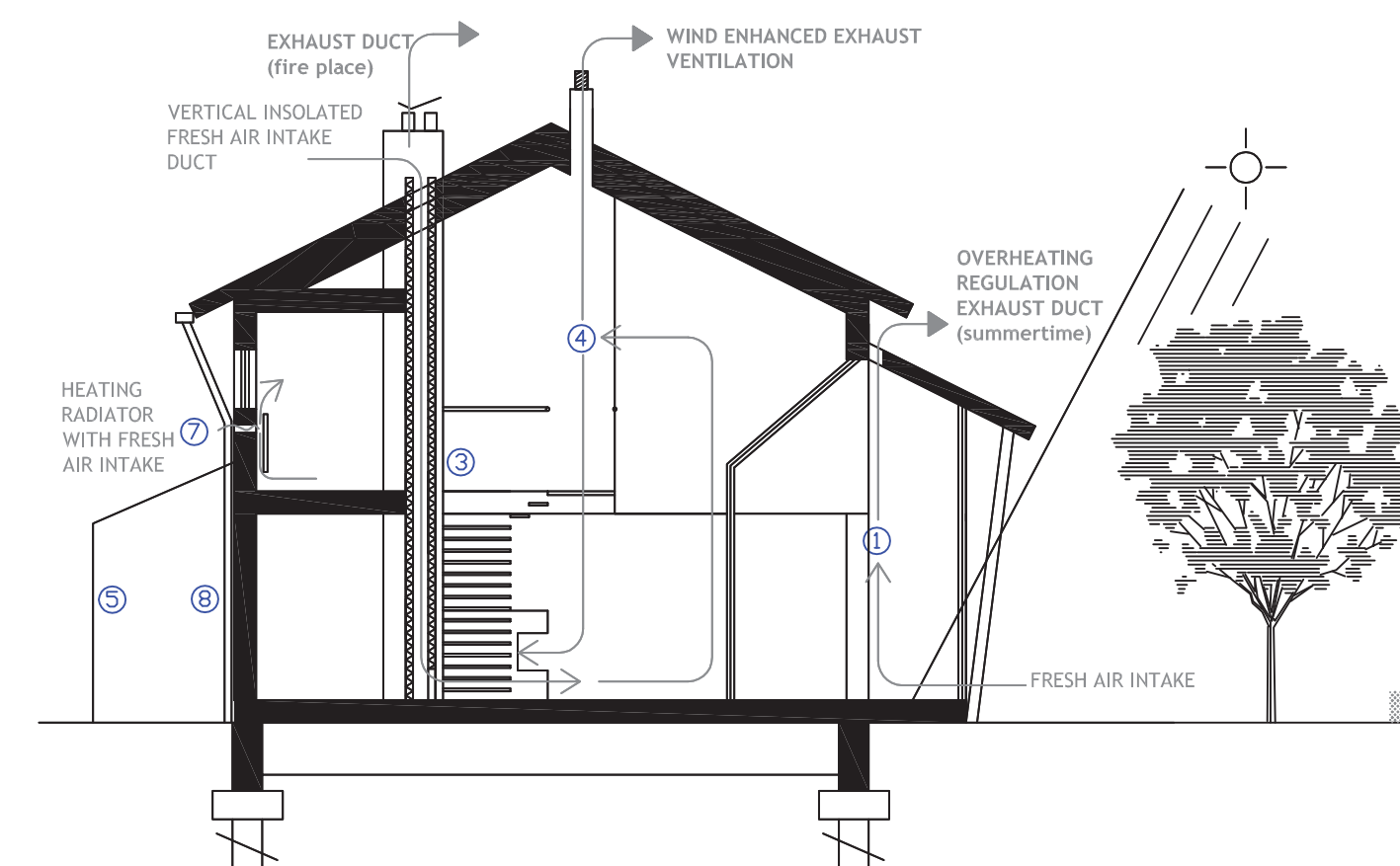
LUONNOLLISEN ILMANVAHDON TOIMINTAKAAVIO, LEIKKAUKSET 1:100



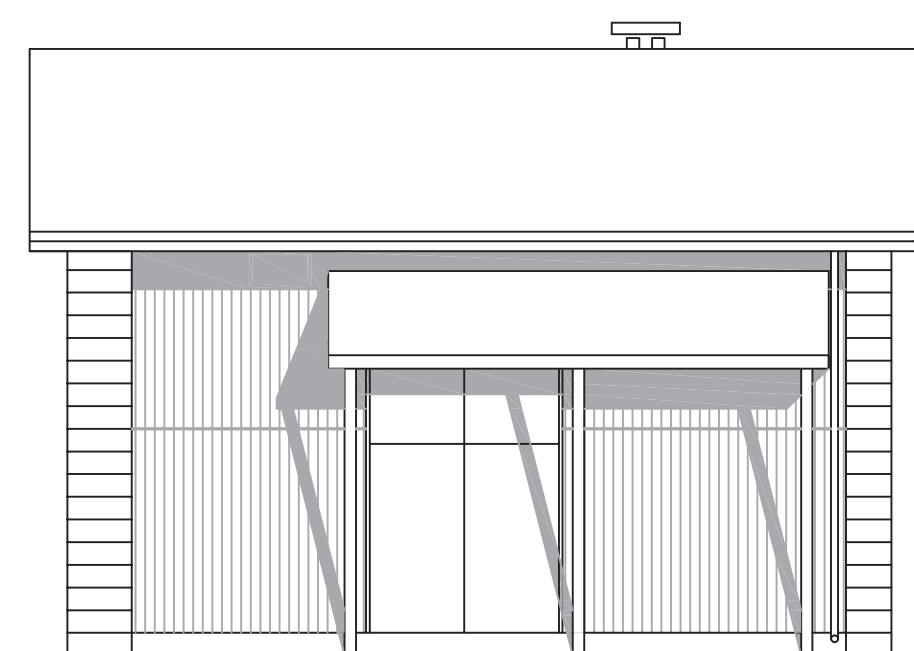
JULKISIVU PIHALLE 1:100



JULKISIVU KADULLE 1:100



JULKISIVU 1:100



- 1) GREEN HOUSE
-solar preheated air from the veranda
-centralization of the light income
- 2) LEAF TREE
-shelter to the veranda in summer,
-outdoor thermal airflow caused by shadows and light,
-purification of the air,
-value the garden architecture and the use of fruit trees.
- 3) WARM HEART centralisation of the activities producing heat into a high density structure;
-collect warmth during the day, gives it back during the nights,
-combined with the veranda, receive solar heat from the low angle sunrises in winter, stays in the cool shadows in summer.
- 4) DOUBLE HEIGHT CENTRAL SPACE combined with the warm hart
-provide good air circulation between the storeys,
-creates natural indoor airflow
-centralize the air outlets into the main space,
-provide the most warmth into the activity room; the air has been preheated through the sleeping spaces and veranda.
- 5) BUFFER ZONE formed by unheated structures; ex; balcony preheat the air income.
- 6) SERVING ZONE; the serving spaces are centralized
-minimal loss of warmth through the pipes with grouping them
-minimal use of mechanical ventilation with using only one fan in the kitchen (optional one in the bathroom)
- 7) WINDOWS with radiators preheating the incoming air
- 8) EXTREMELY TIGHT WALLS on the north with minimal openings.
- 9) TIGHT WALLS
- 10) GENERAL PLANNING which facilitates the air flows.
- 11) SMALL SCALE BUILDING keeps the wind above the roofs

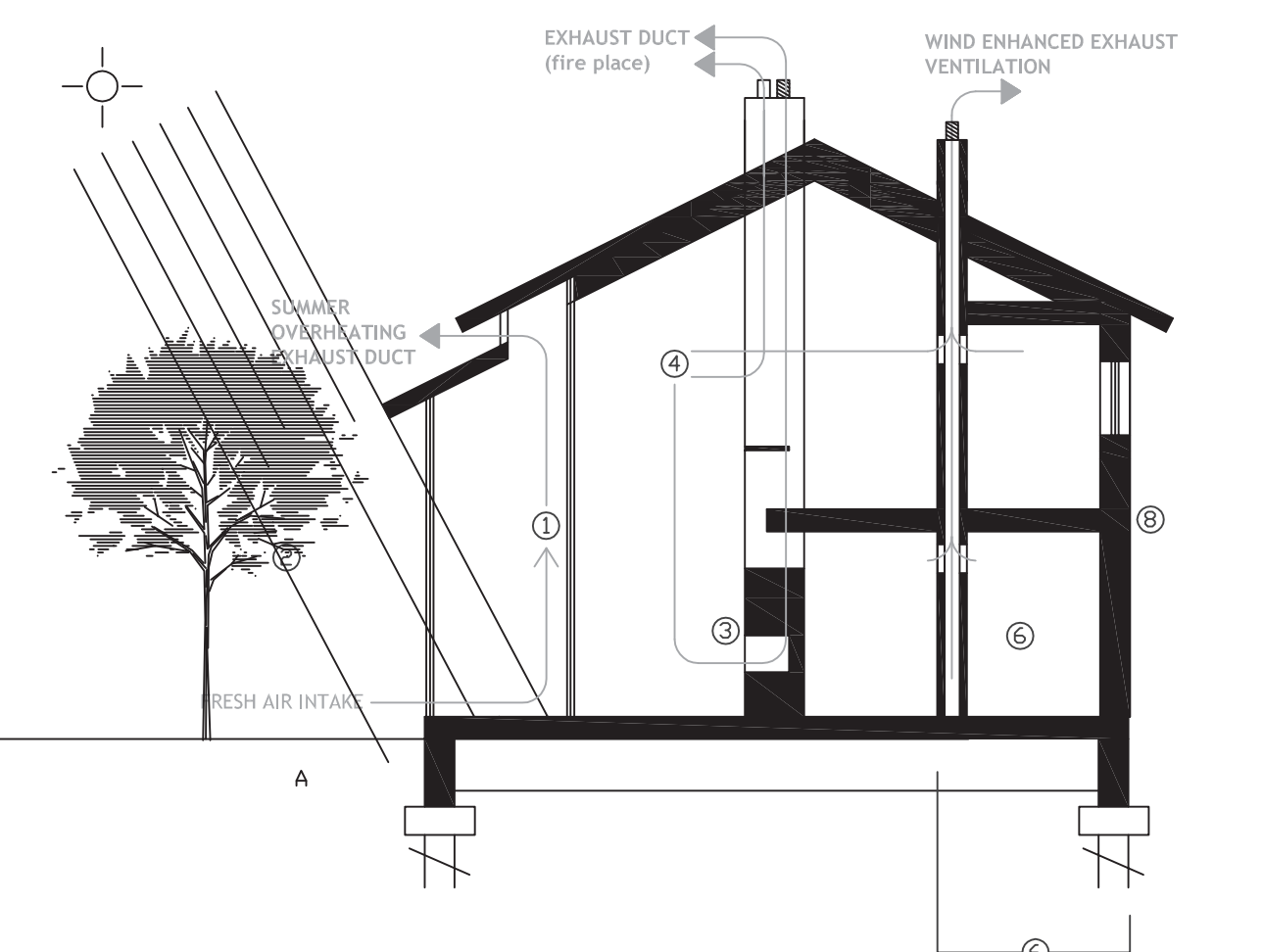
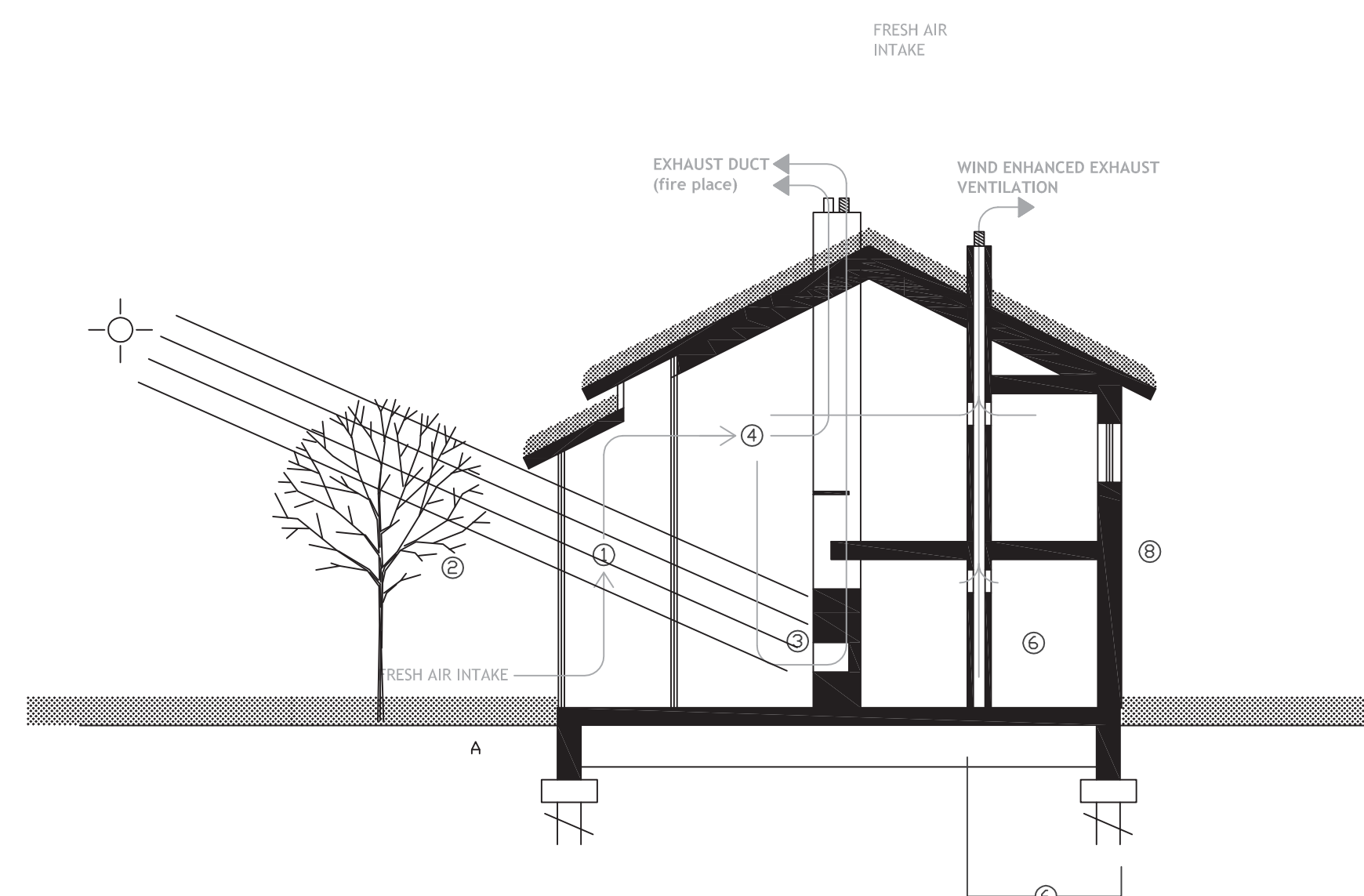
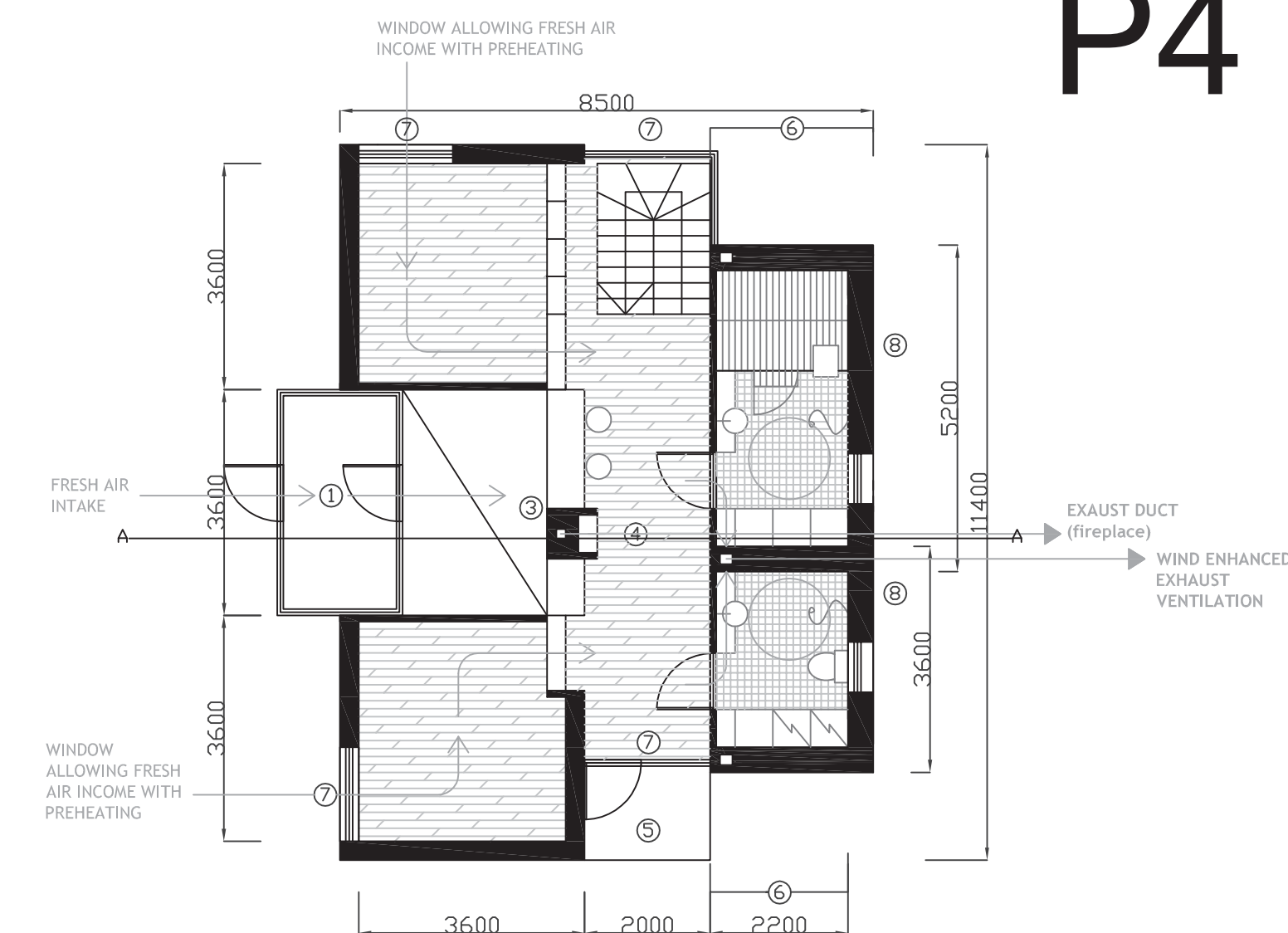
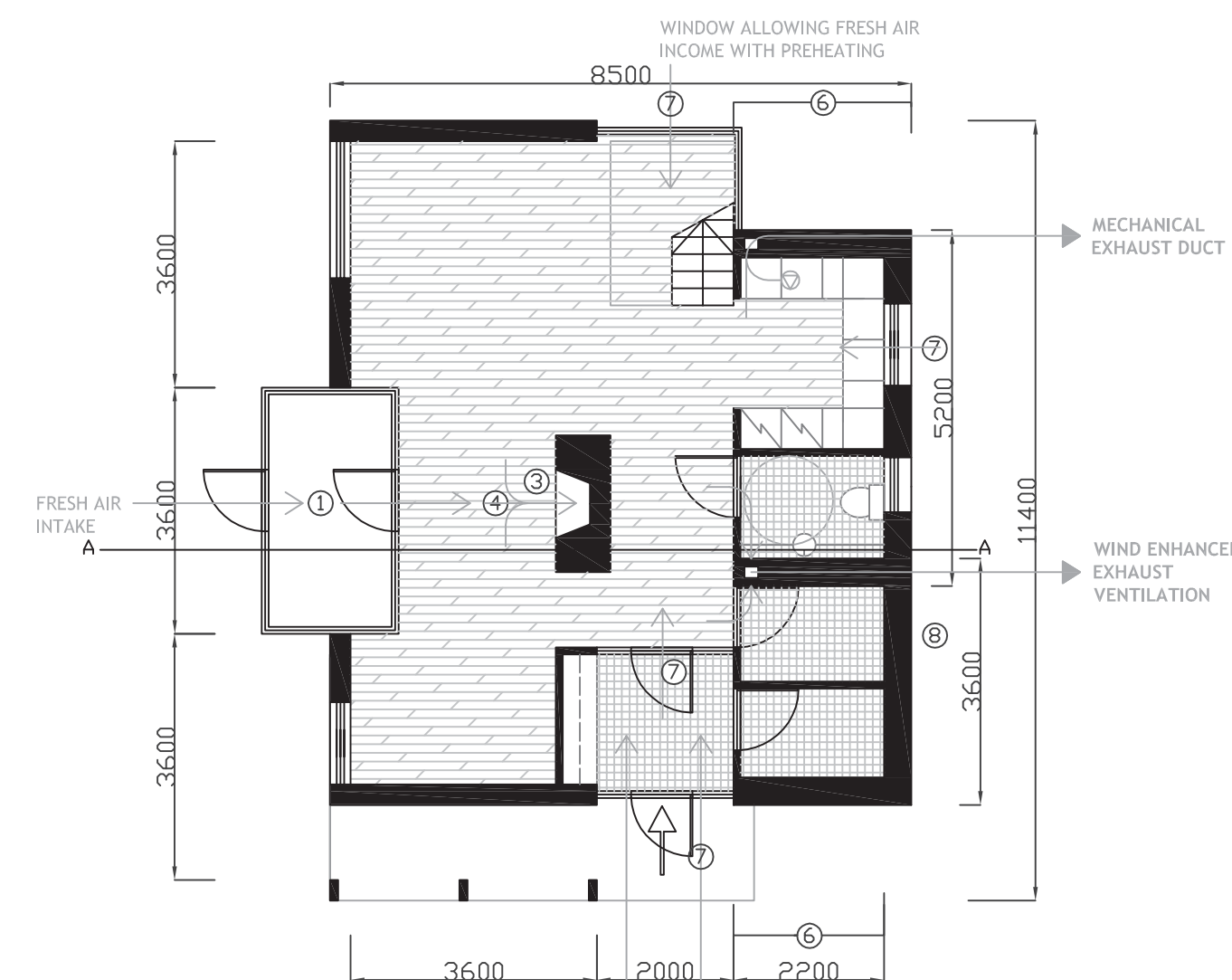
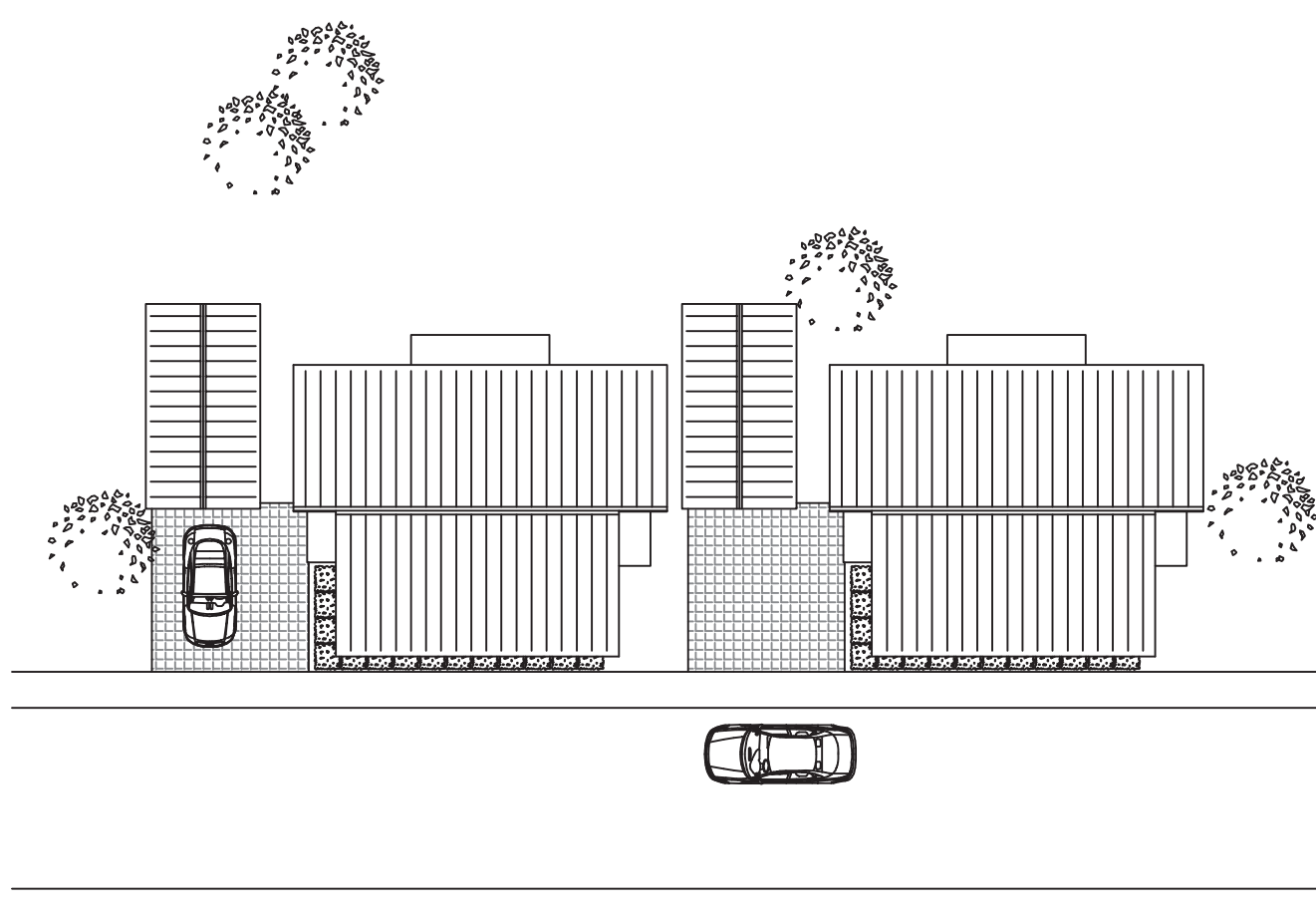


THIS PROJECT IS BEING PARTLY FINANCED BY THE EUROPEAN UNION
EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

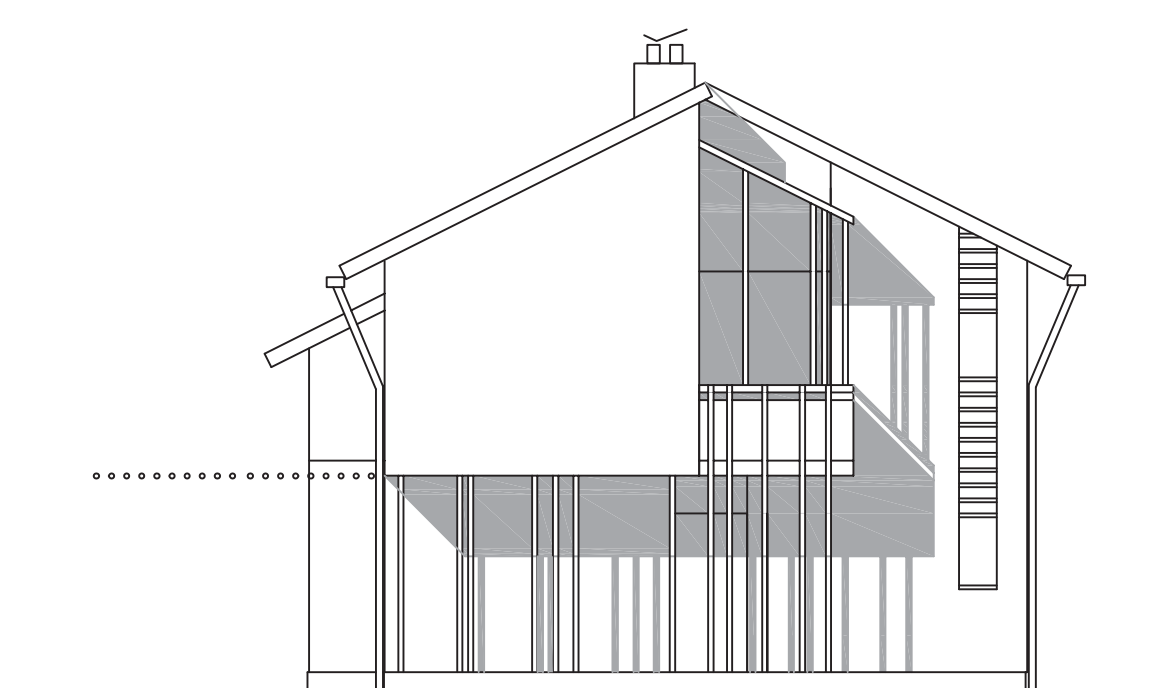
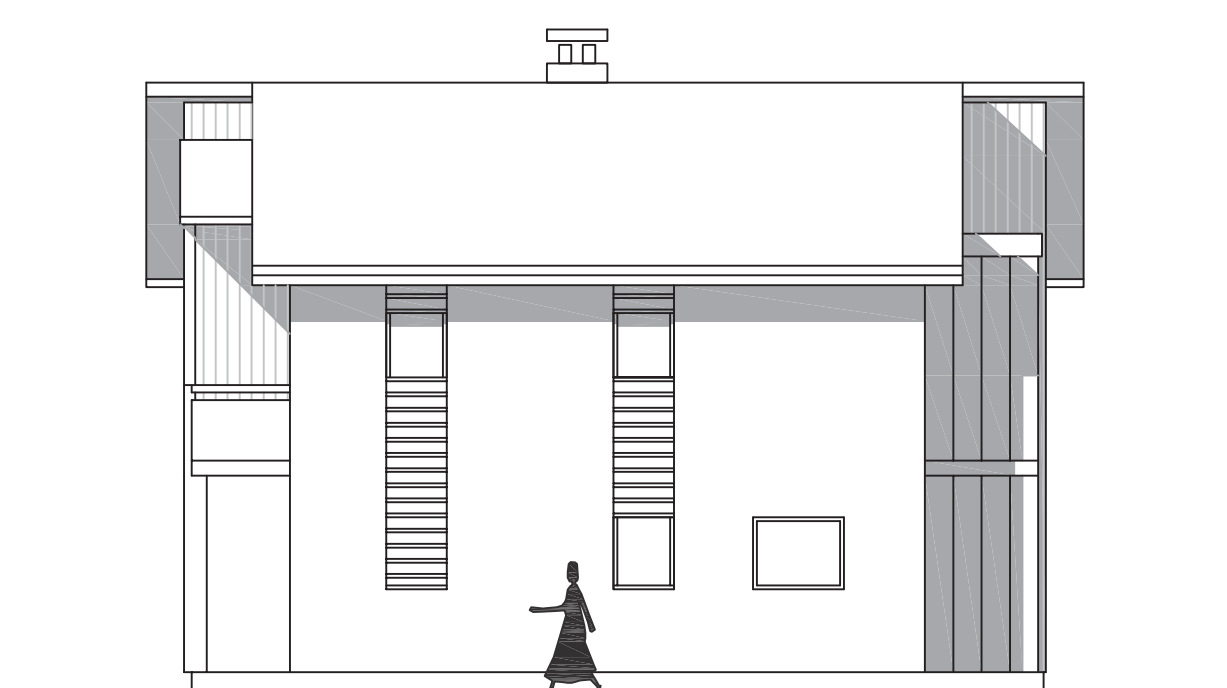
1:100 0 5 10

P4. PIENTALO

P4



0 1000 5000 10000



1) GREEN HOUSE

- solar preheated air from the veranda
- centralization of the light income

2) LEAF TREE

- shelter to the veranda in summer,
- outdoor thermal airflow caused by shadows and light,
- purification of the air,
- value the garden architecture and the use of fruit trees.

3) WARM HEART, centralisation of the activities producing heat into a high density structure;

- collect warmth during the day, gives it back during the nights.
- combined with the veranda, receive solar heat from the low angle sunrays in winter, stays in the cool shadows in summer.

4) DOUBLE HIGHT CENTRAL SPACE, combined with the warm hart

- provide good air circulation between the storeys.

- creates natural indoor airflow

- centralize the air outlets into the main space.

- provide the most warmth into the activity room; the air has been preheated through the sleeping spaces and veranda.

5) BUFFER ZONE, formed by unheated structures; ex; balcony preheat the air income.

6) SERVING ZONE; the serving spaces are centralized

- minimal loss of warmth through the pipes with grouping them

- minimal use of mechanical ventilation with using only one fan in the kitchen (optional one in the bathroom)

7) SPECIAL WINDOWS preheat the incoming air

8) TIGHT WALLS on the north with minimal openings.

9) GENERAL PLANNING which facilitates the air flows.

10) SMALL SCALE BUILDING keeps the wind above the roofs

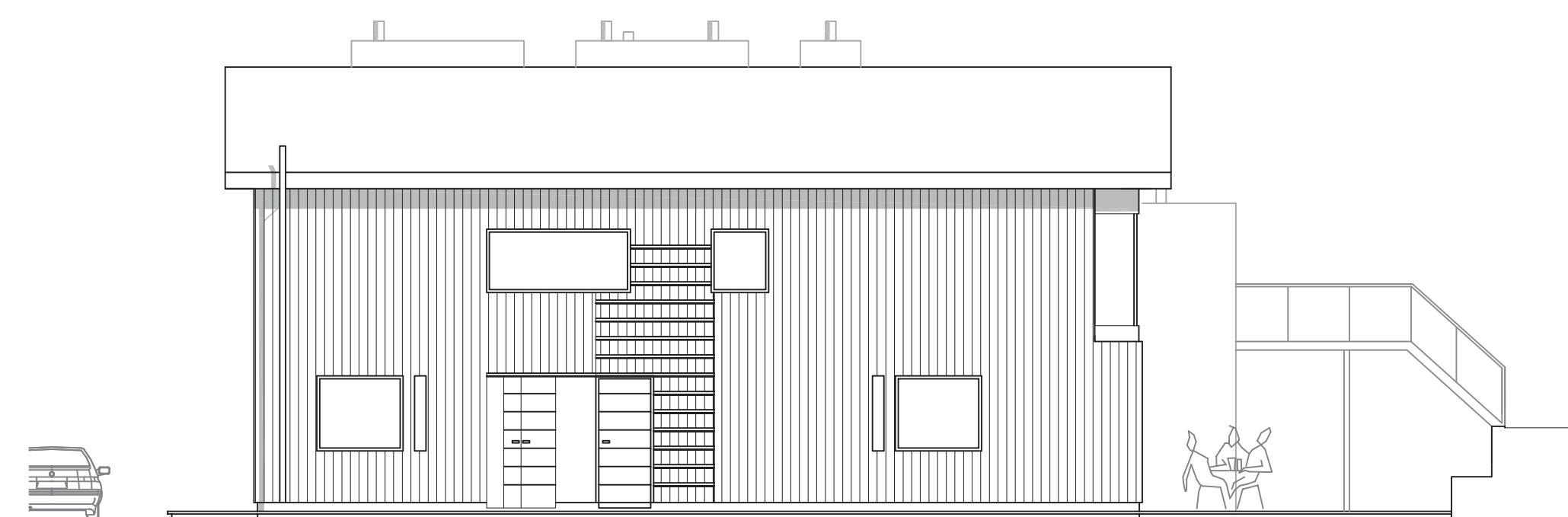
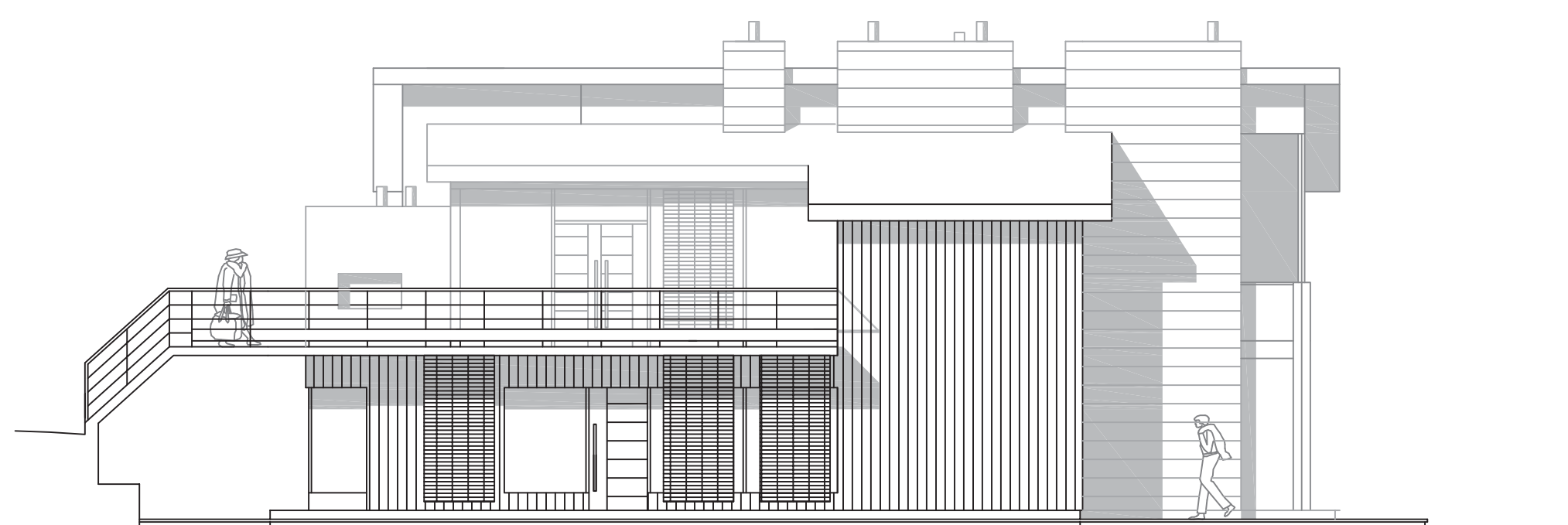
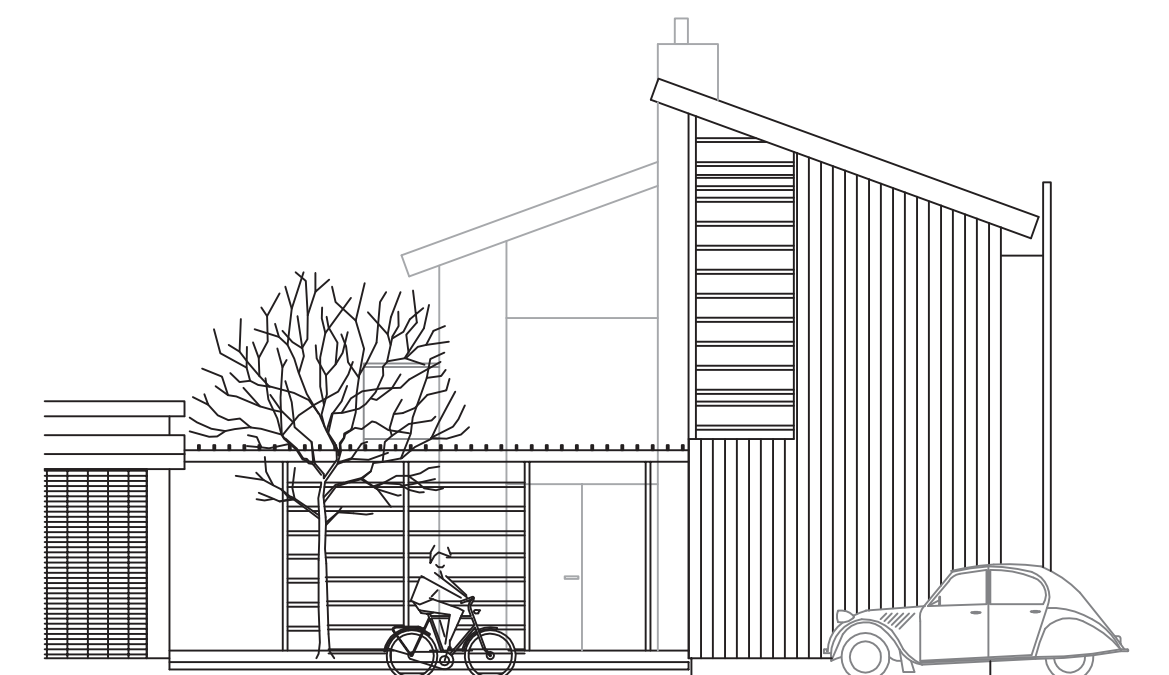
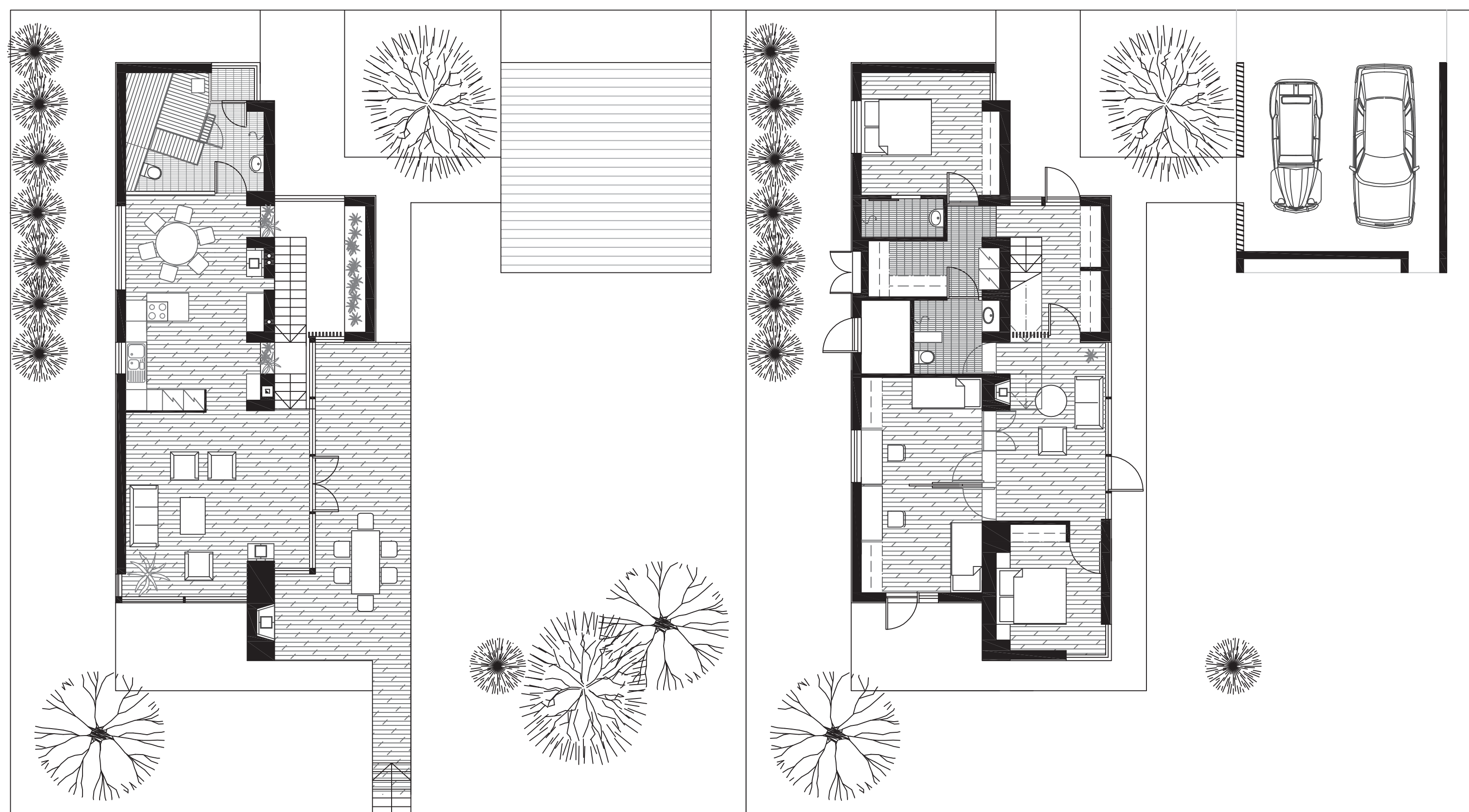


THIS PROJECT IS BEING PARTLY FINANCED BY THE EUROPEAN UNION
EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

1:100 0 5 10

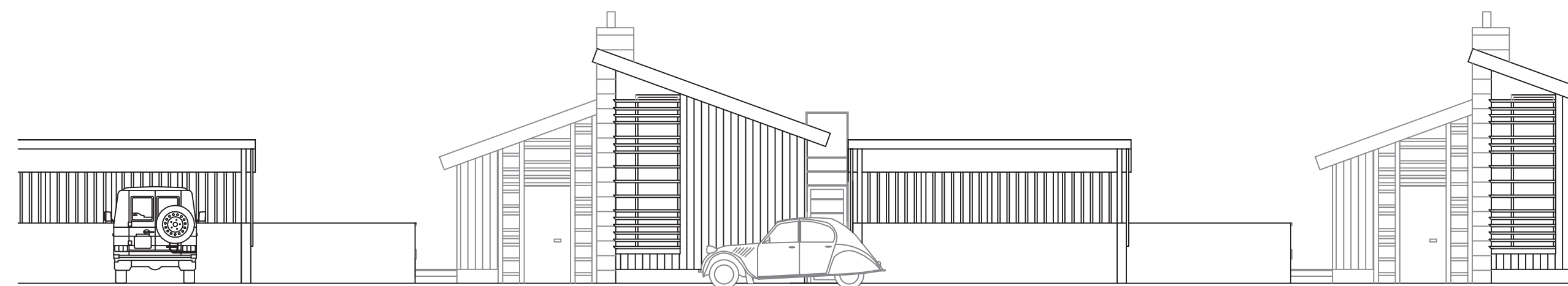
P5. PIENTALO

P5

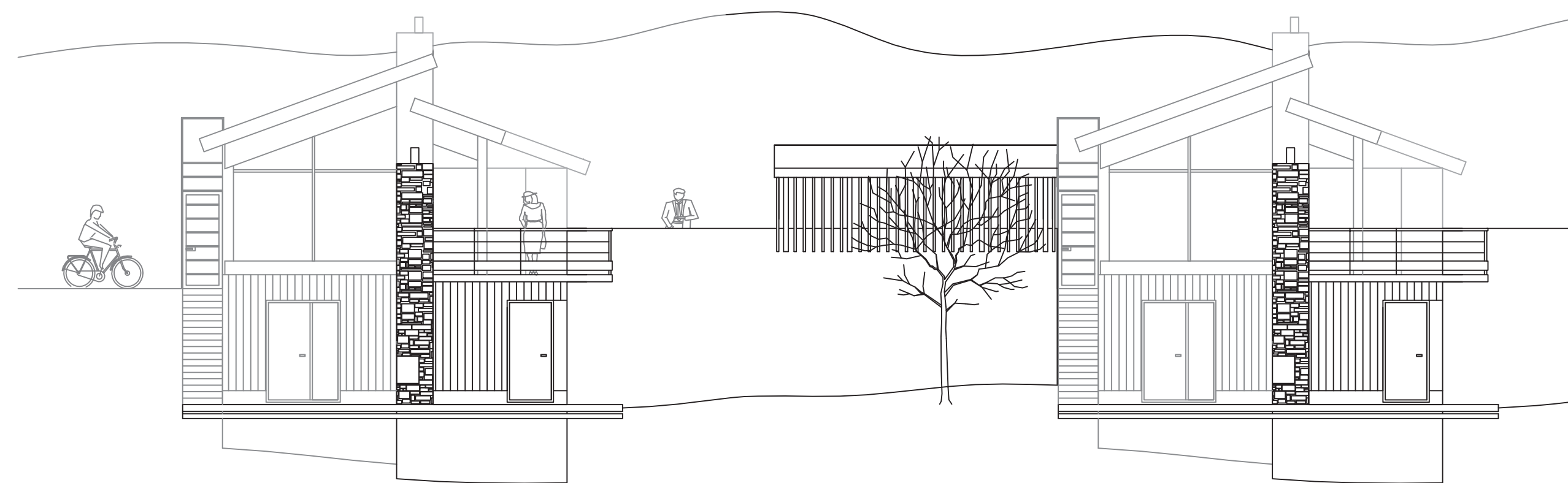


P6. PIENTALO

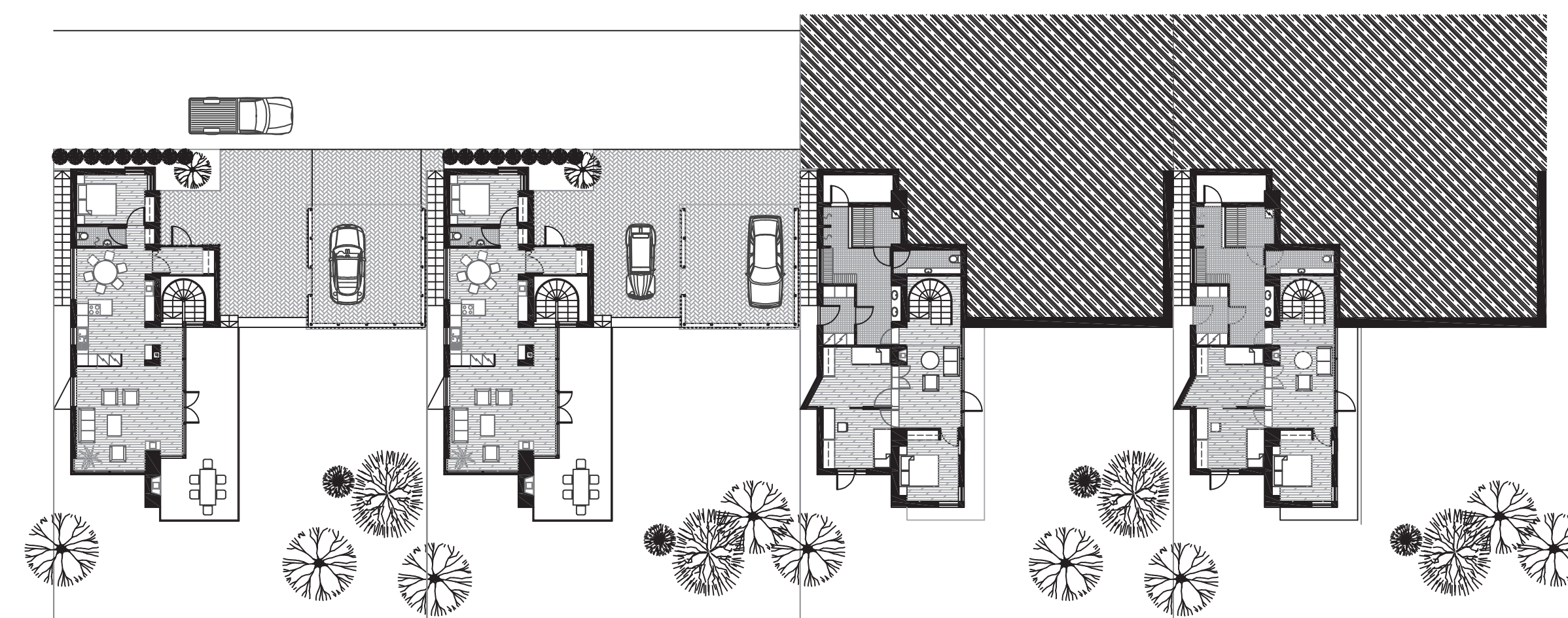
P6



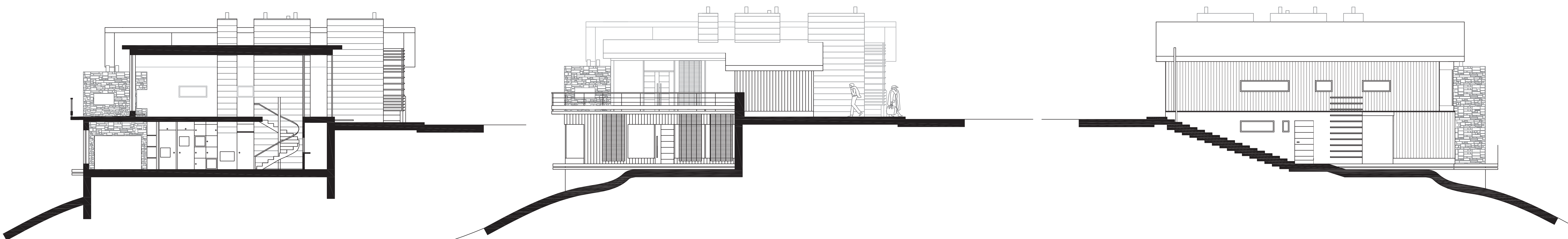
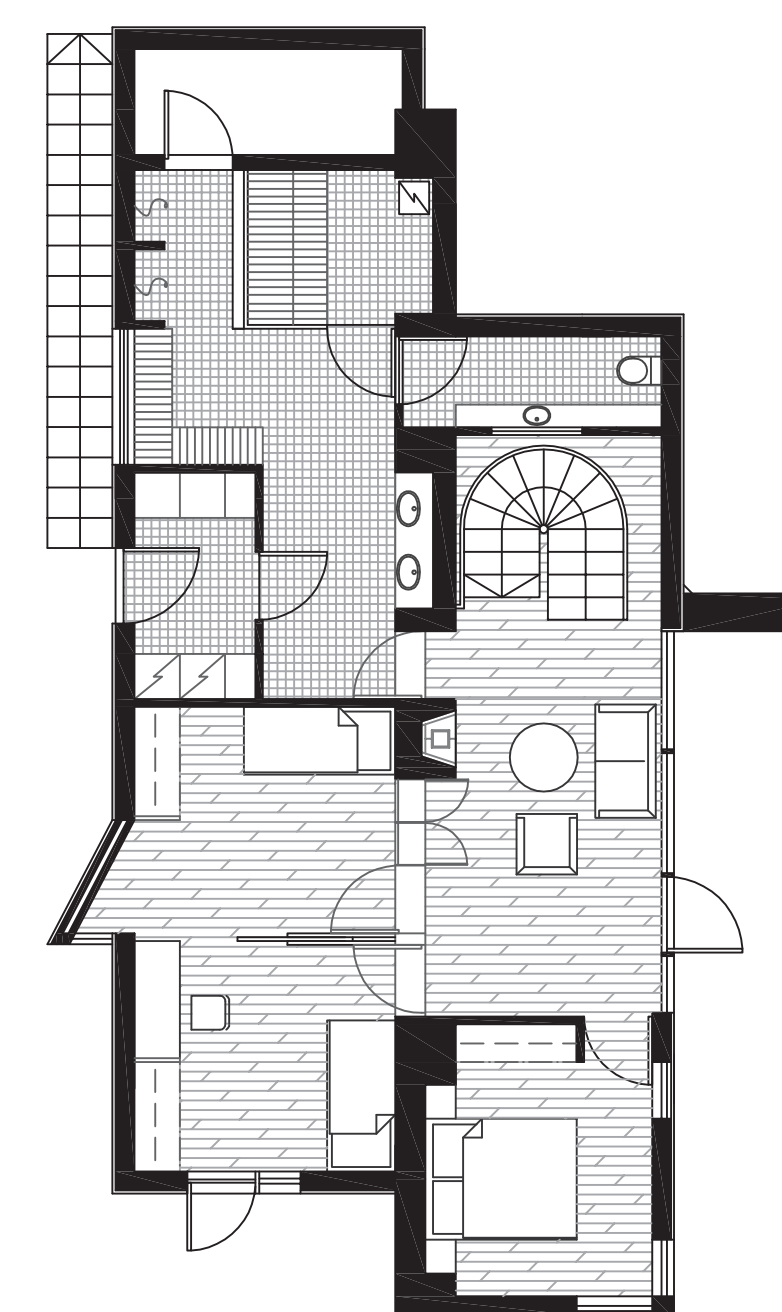
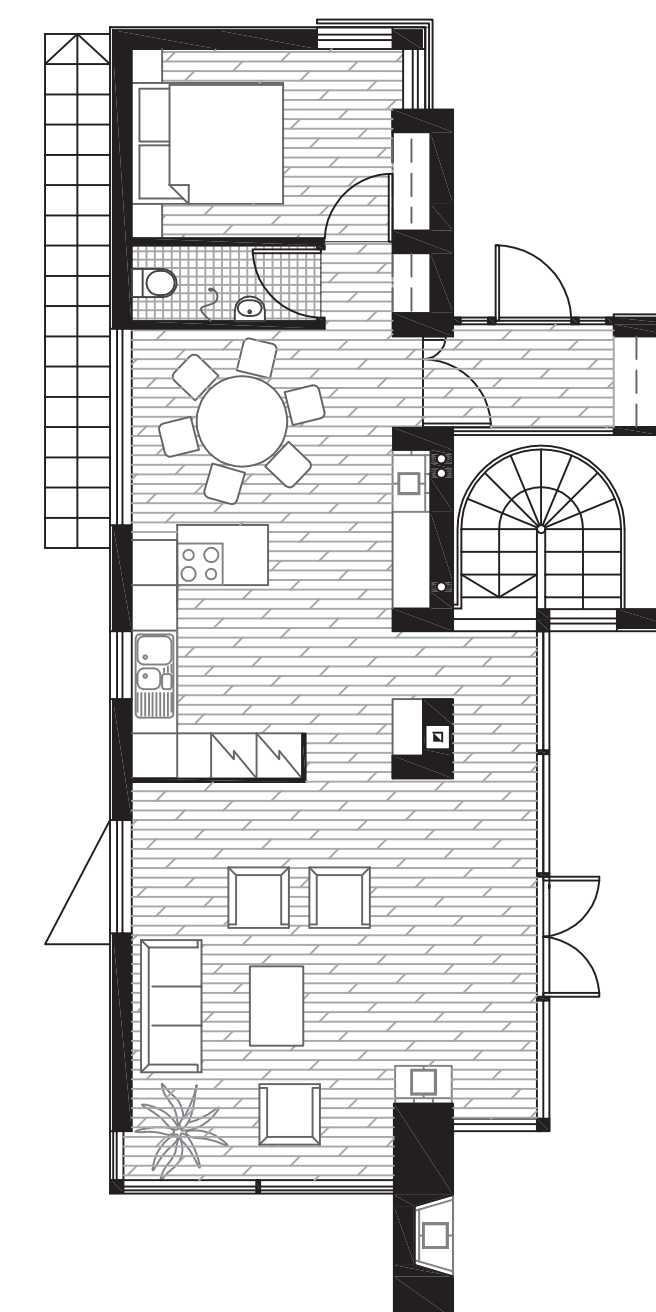
JULKISIVU KADULLE 1:100



JULKISIVU RINTEeseen 1:100



TONTTIKAAVIO 1:250

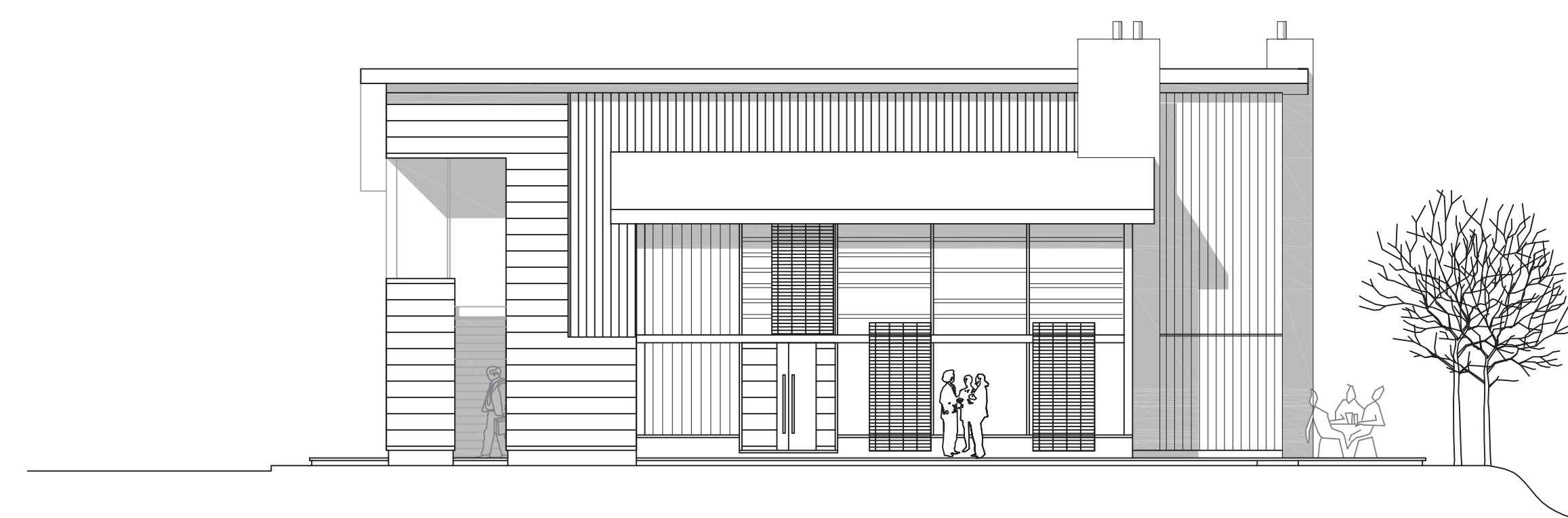
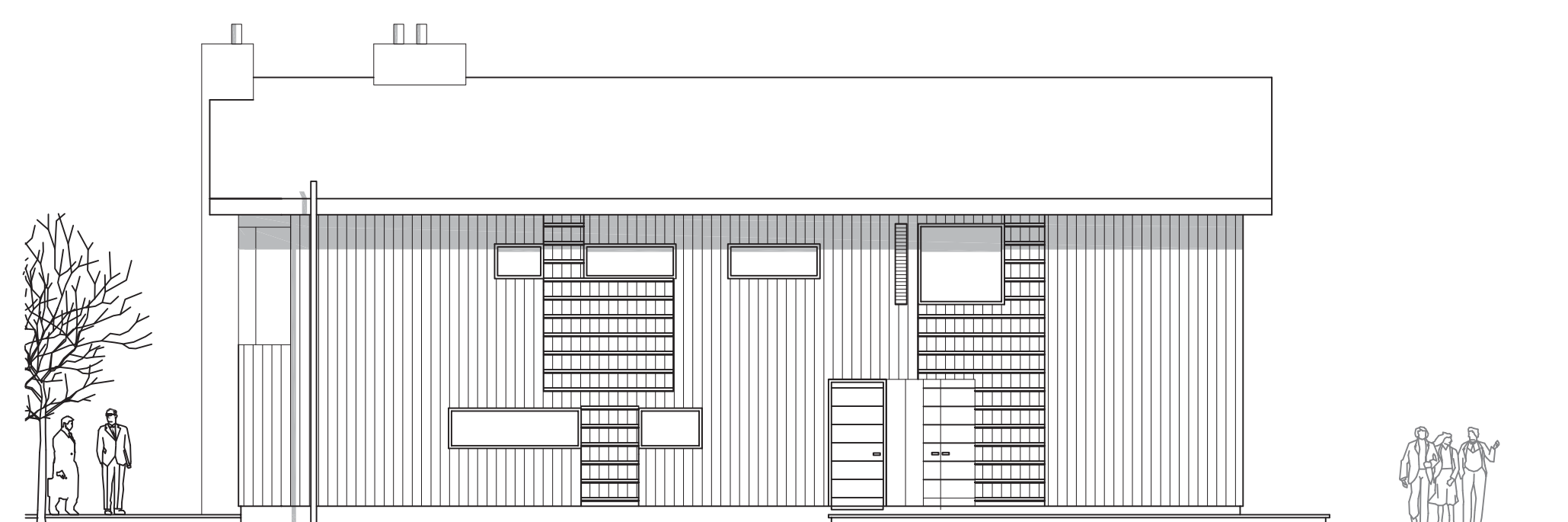
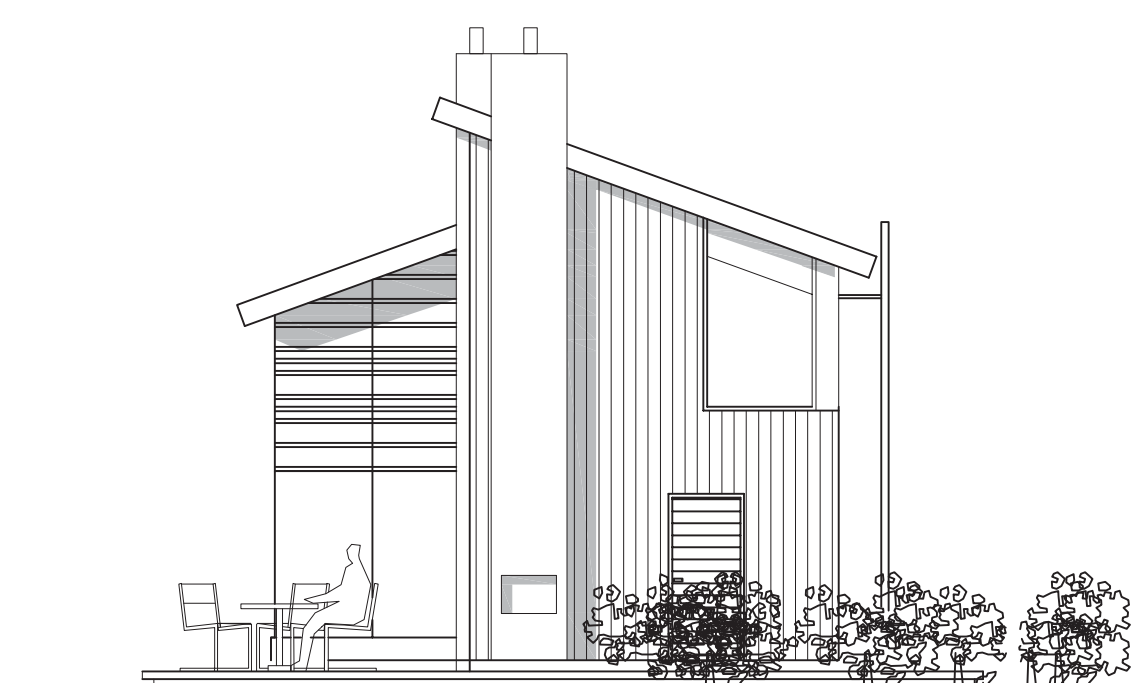
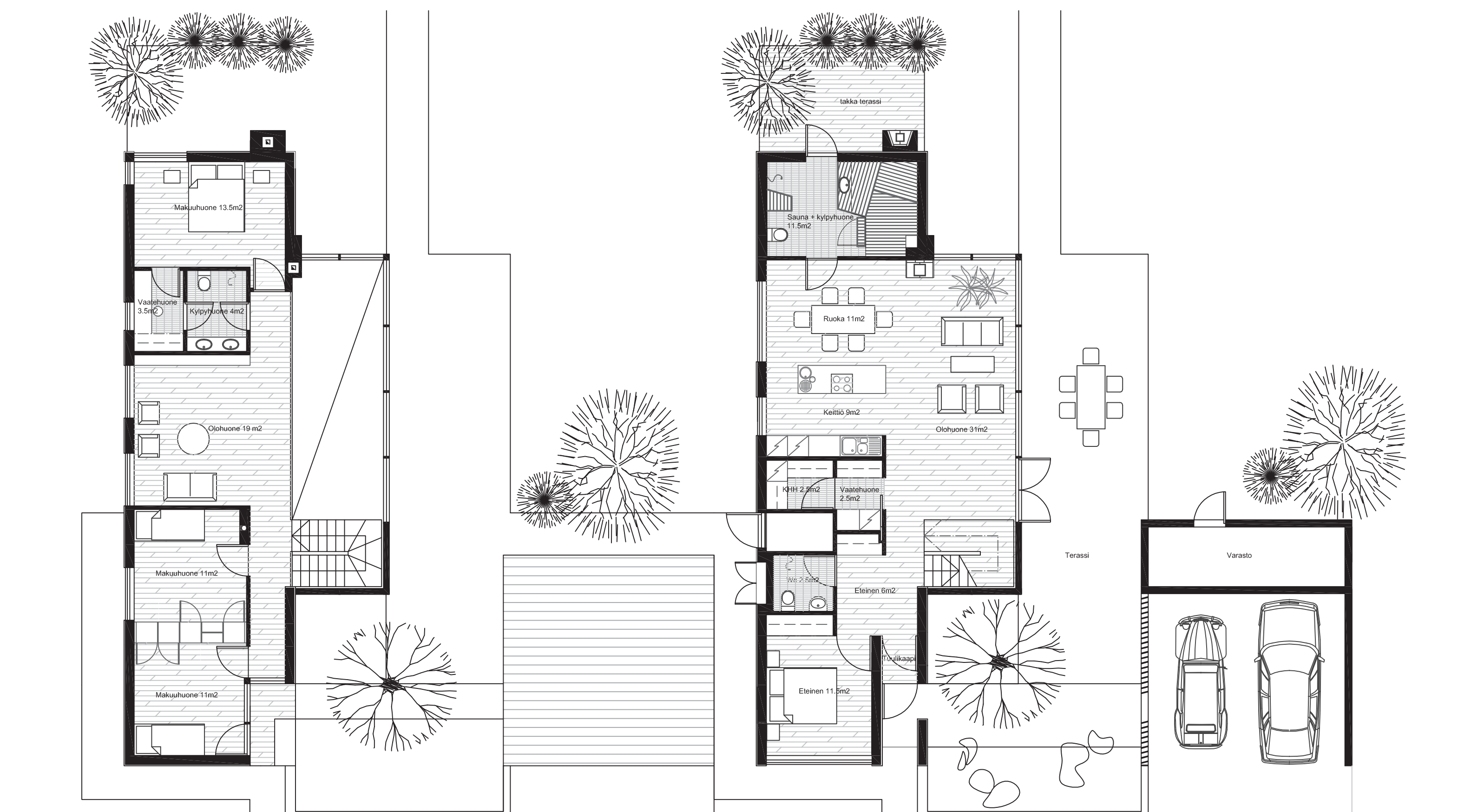


THIS PROJECT IS BEING PARTLY FINANCED BY THE EUROPEAN UNION
EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

1:100 0 5 10

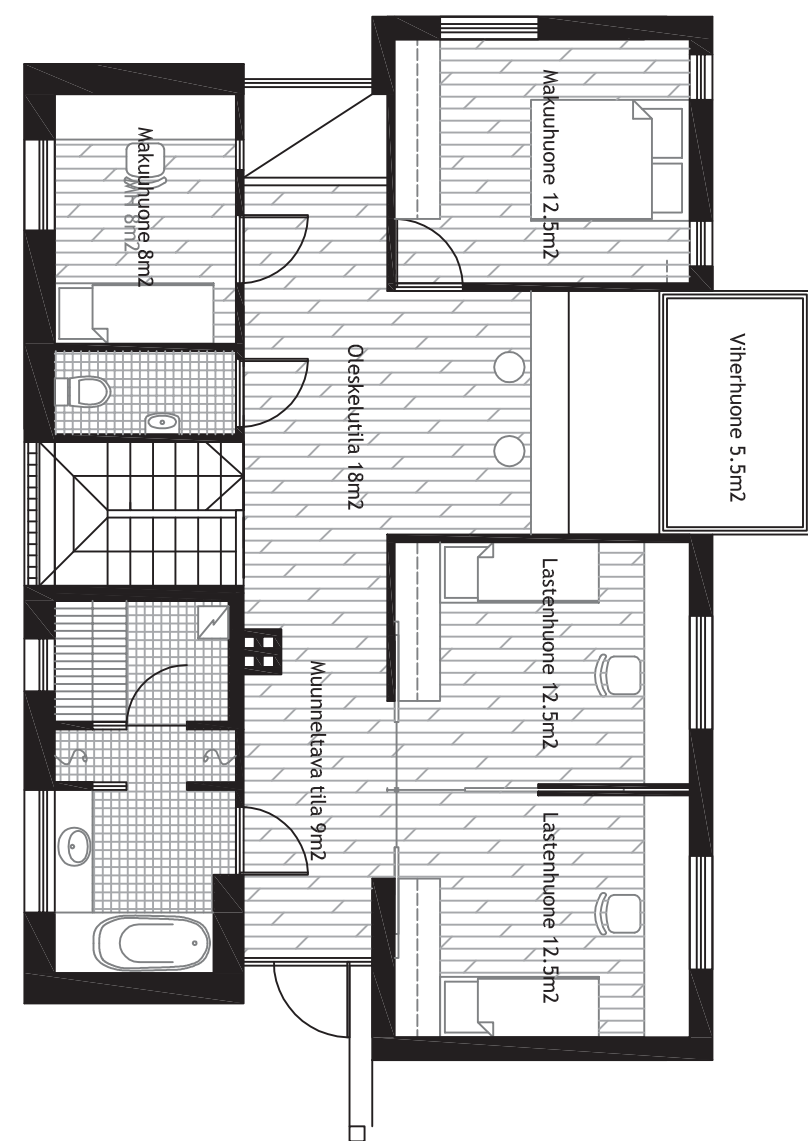
P7. PIENTALO

P7

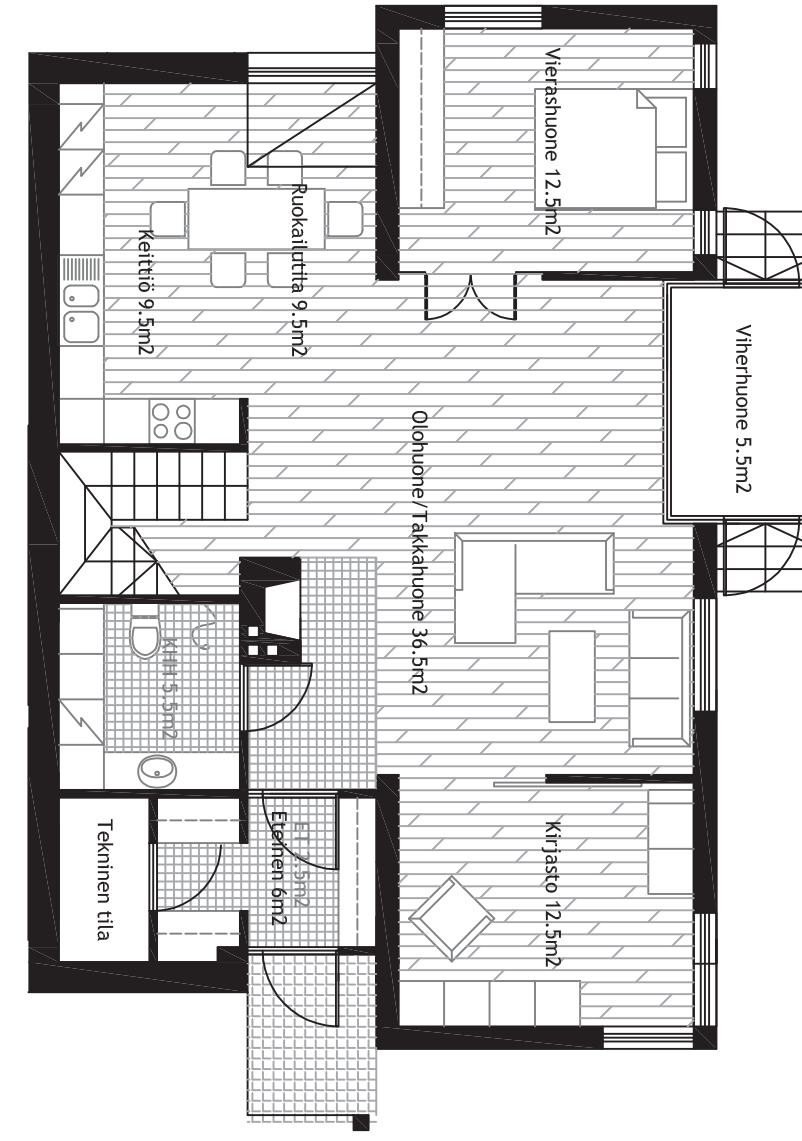


P10. PIENTALO

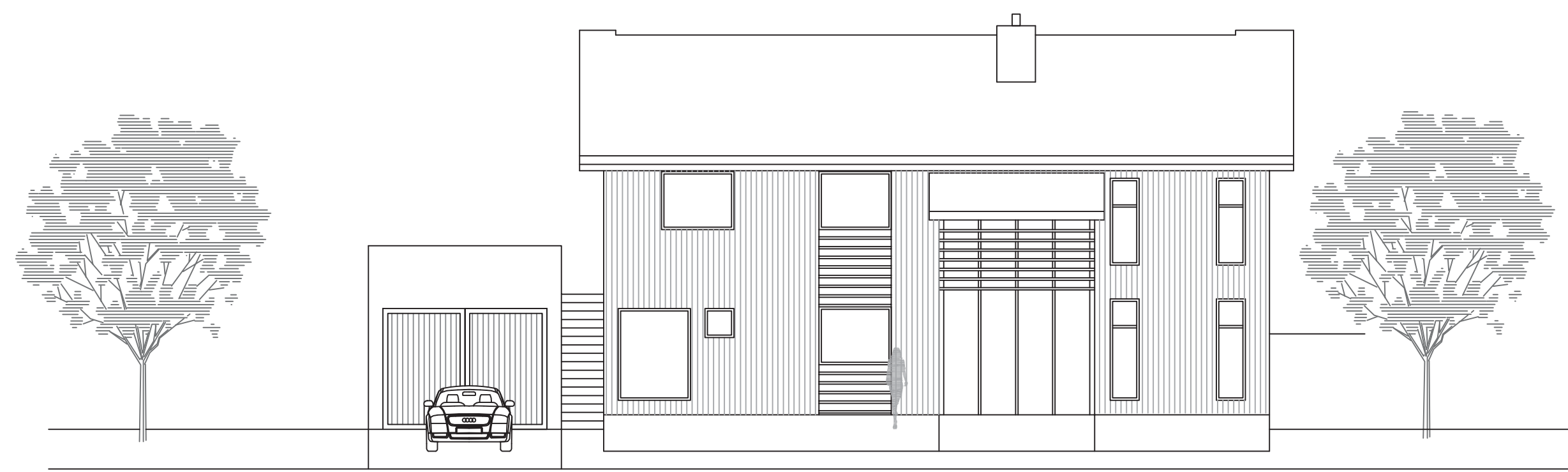
YLÄRINNE VERSIO



2. KRS



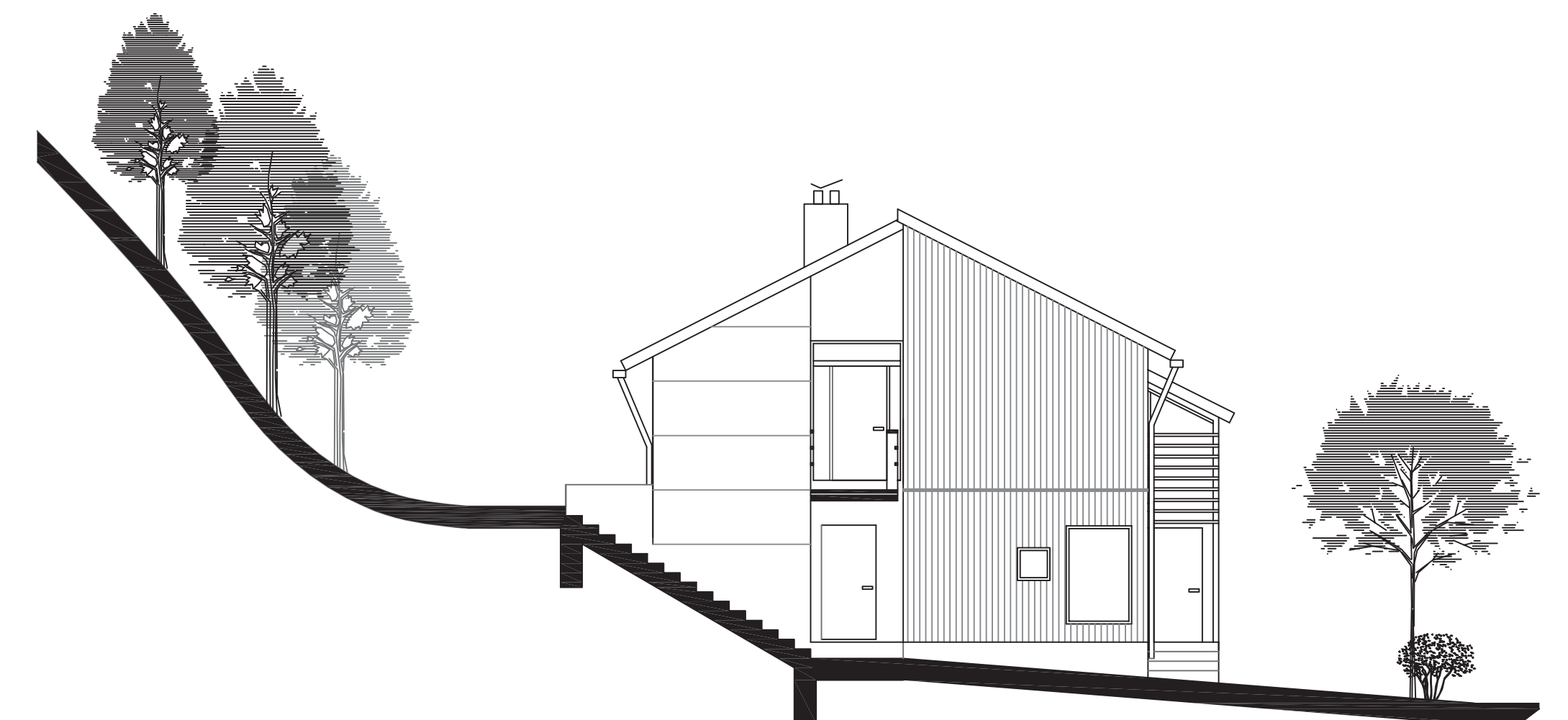
POHJAKERROS



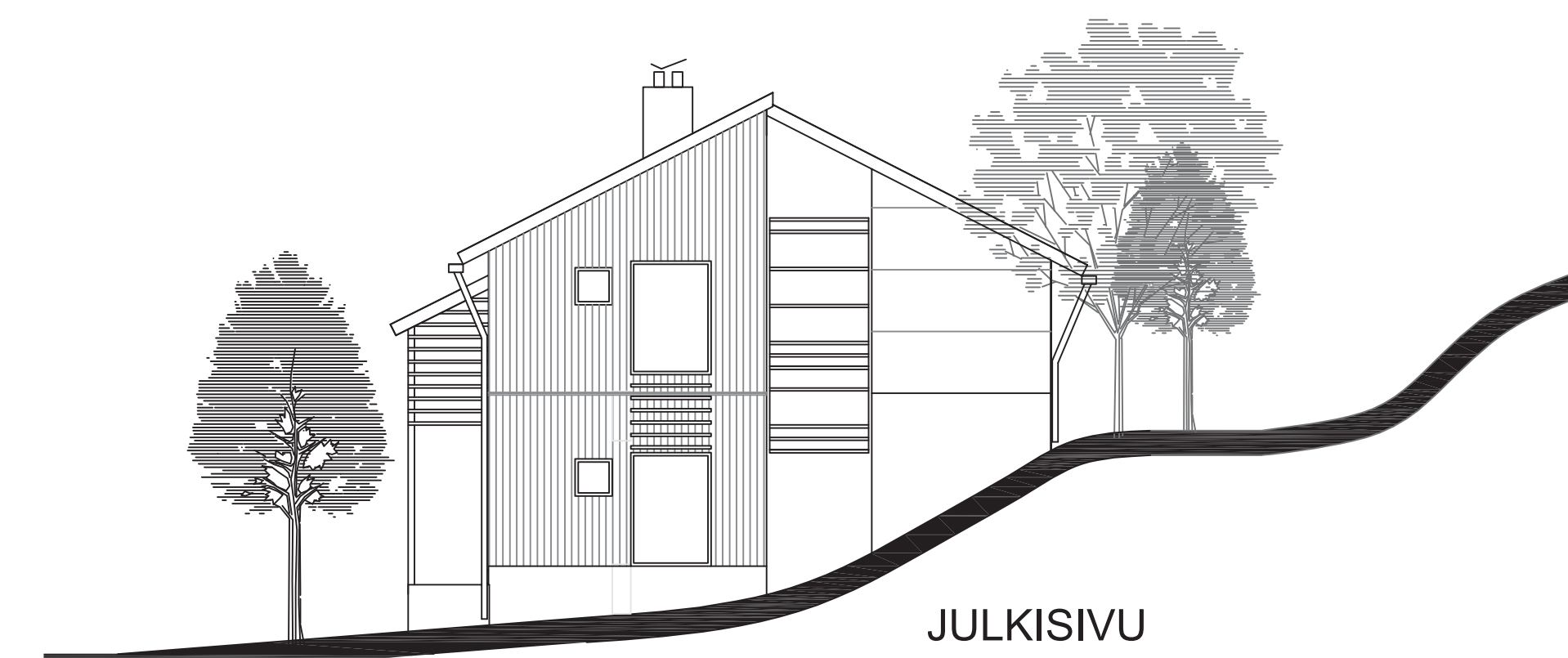
JULKISIVU KADULLE



P10



JULKISIVU

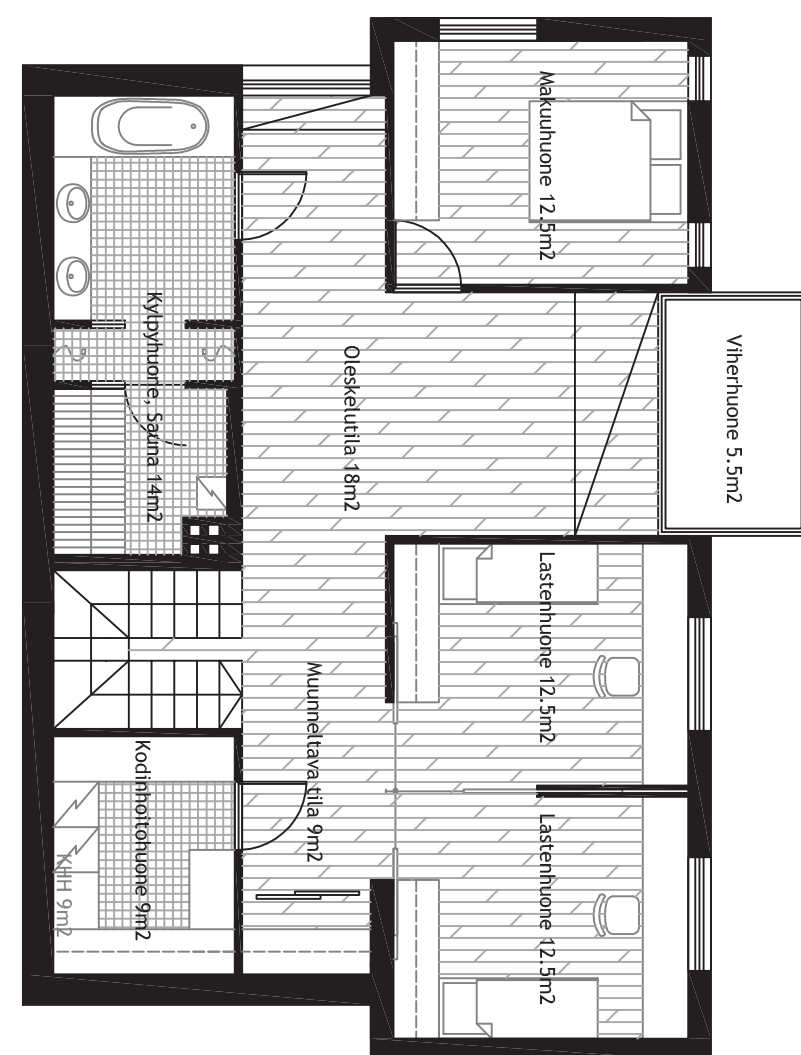


JULKISIVU

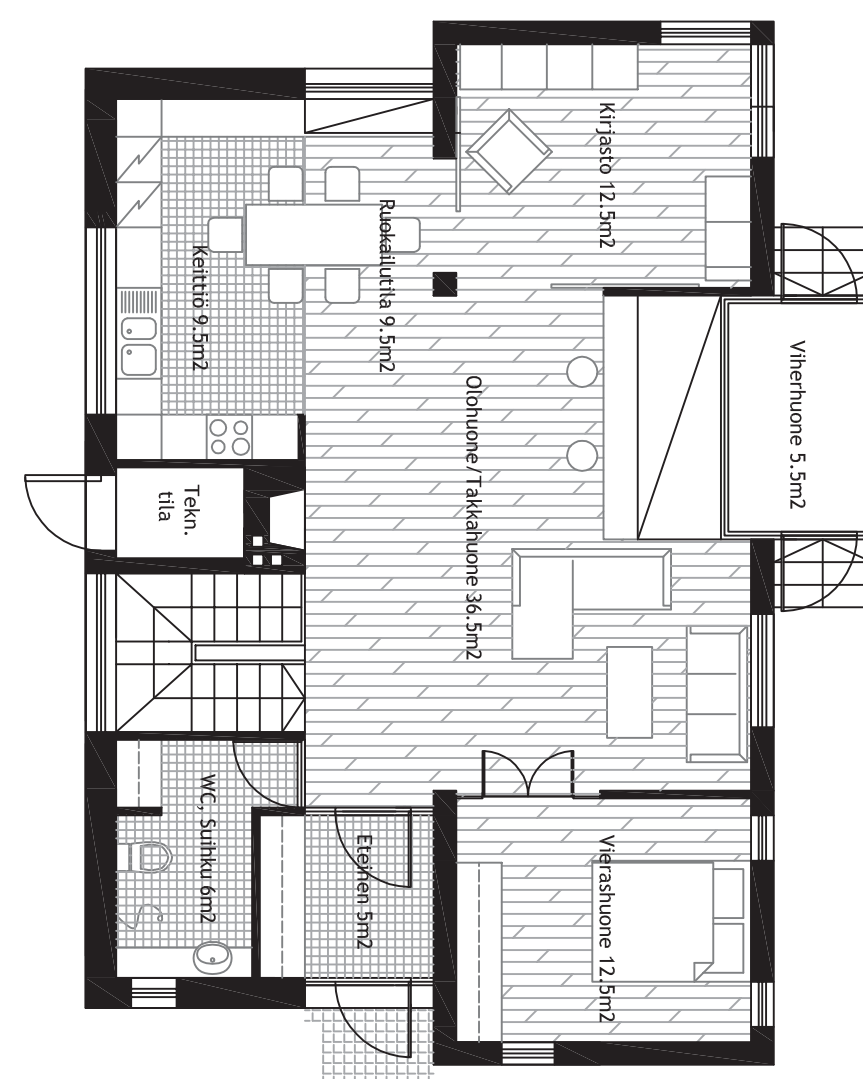
1:100 0 5 10

P11. PIENTALO

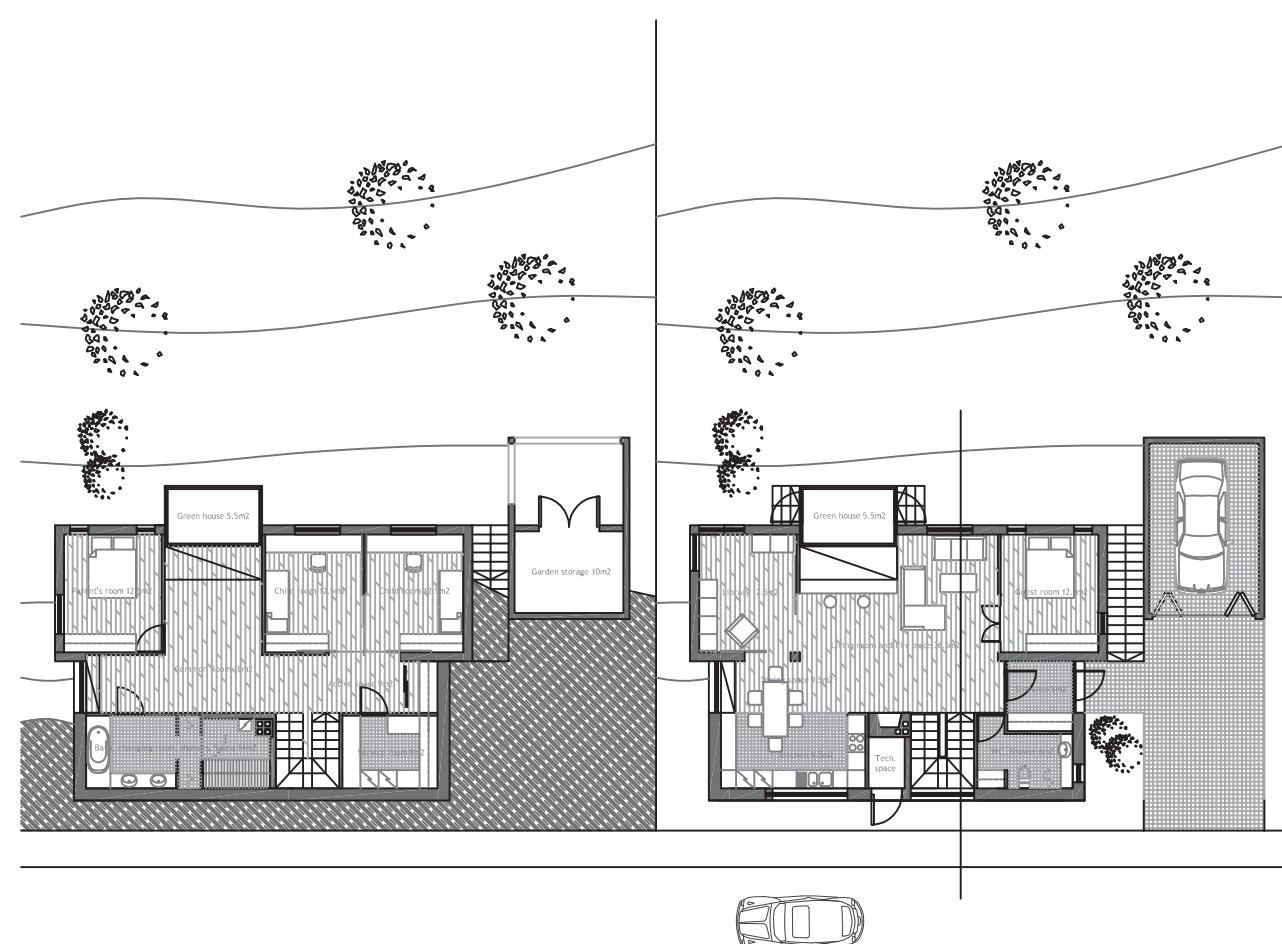
ALARINNE VERSIO



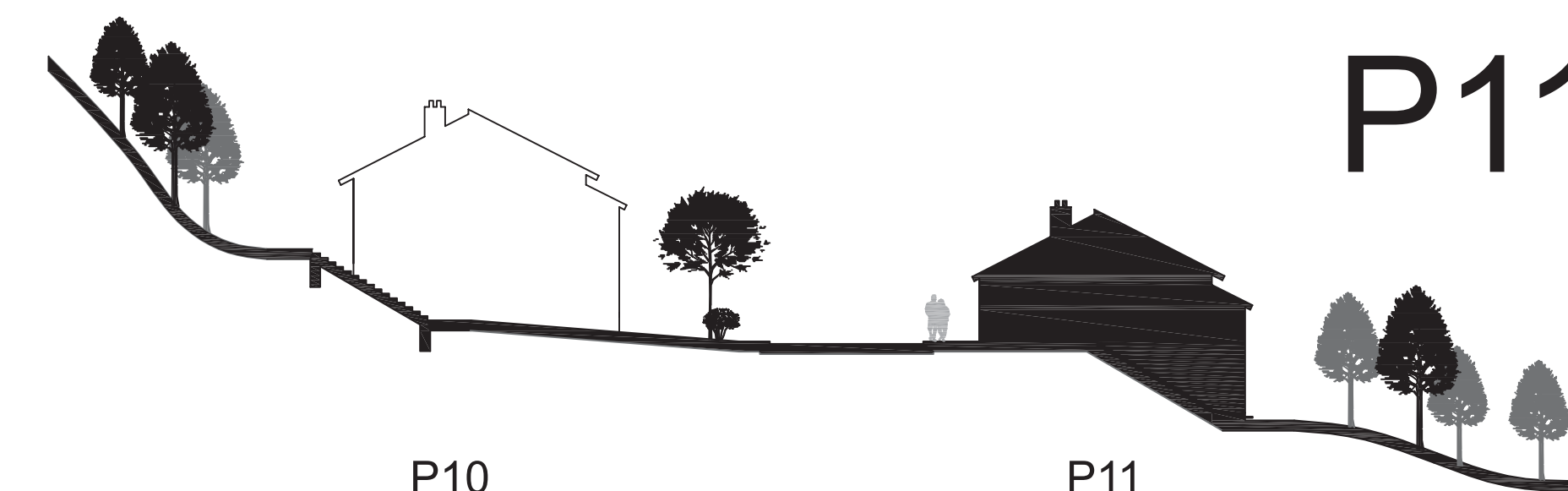
1. KRS RINNEKERROS 1:100



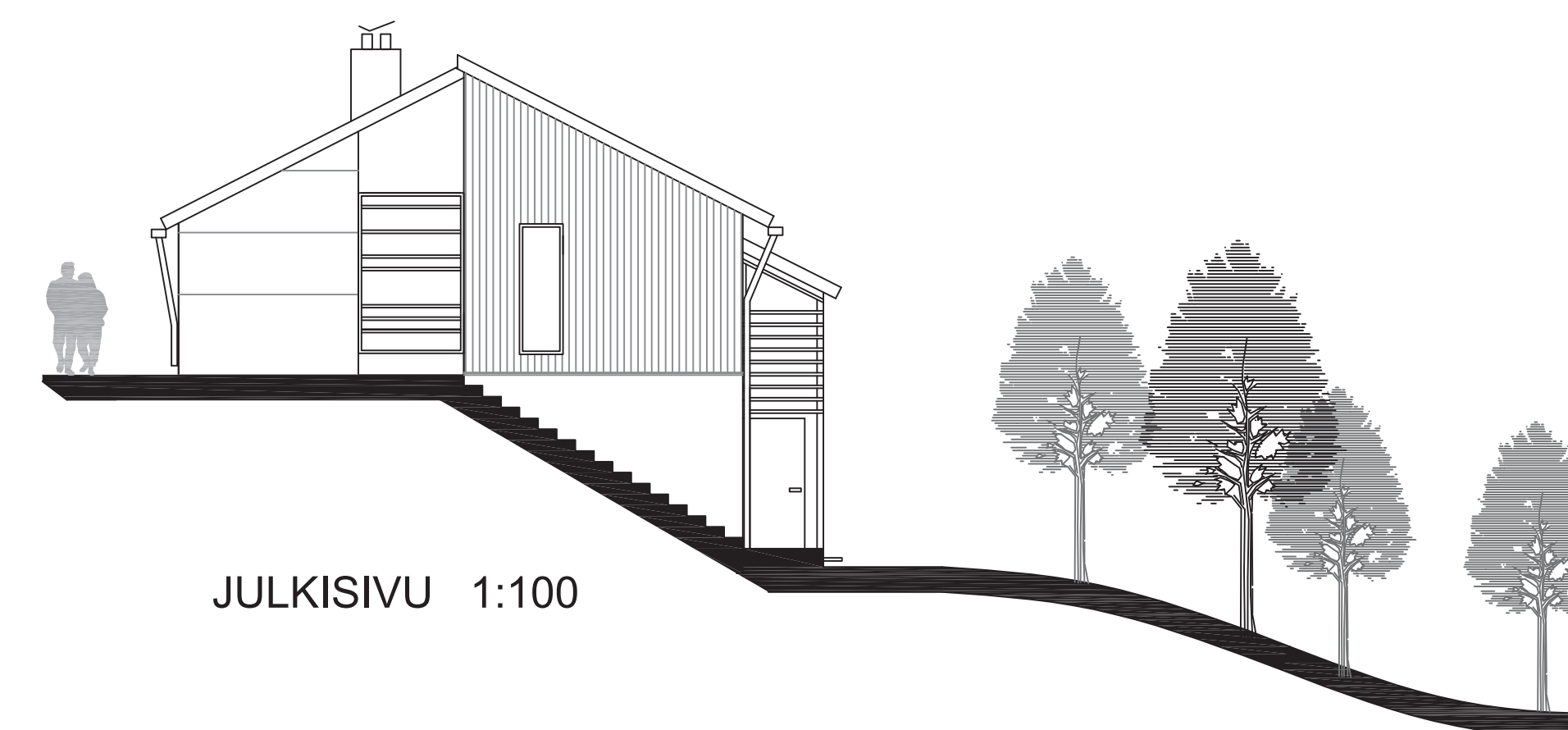
2. KRS KATUTASO 1:100



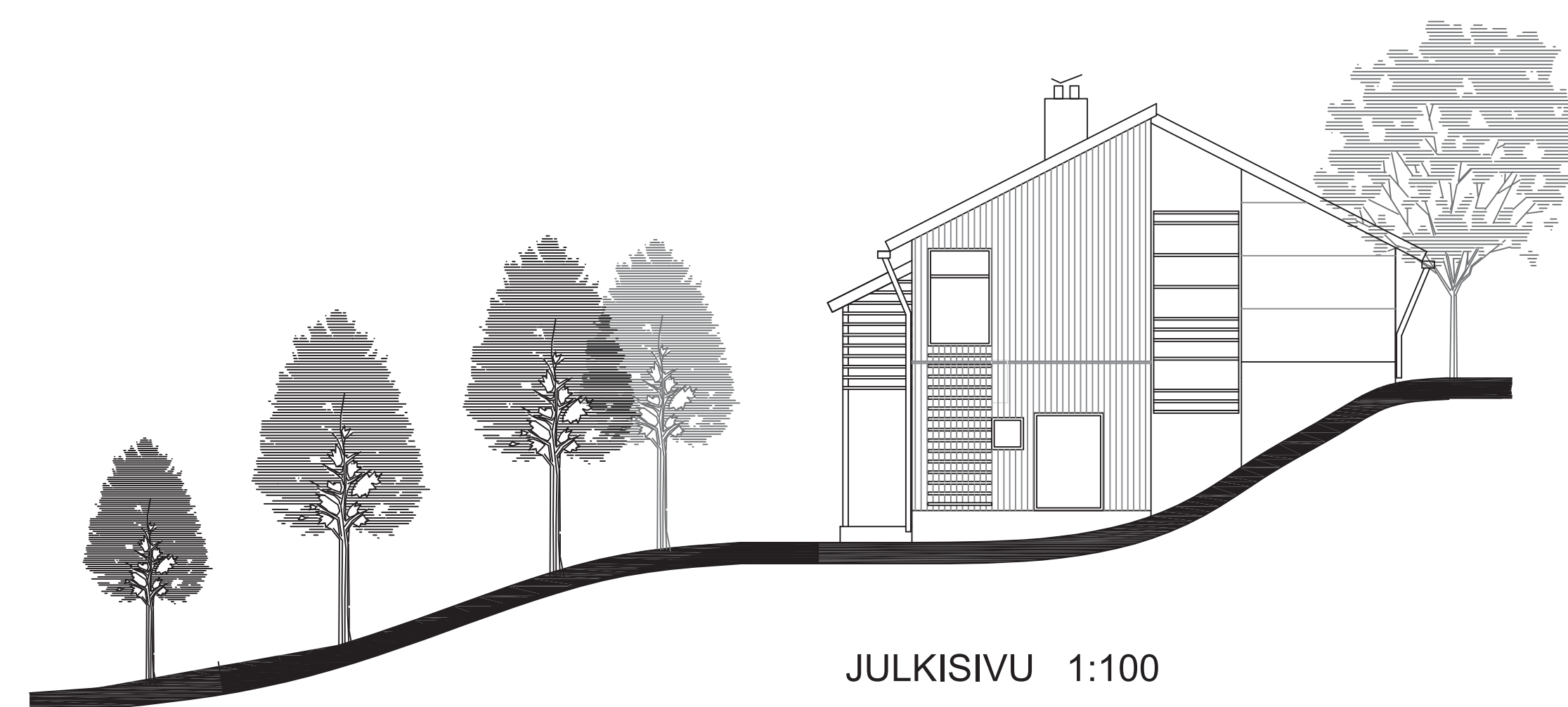
TONTTILAAVIO P11 1:250



P11



JULKISIVU 1:100



JULKISIVU 1:100



THIS PROJECT IS BEING PARTLY FINANCED BY THE EUROPEAN UNION
EUROPEAN REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

1:100 0 5 10